

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jul 2, 2025 – 05:16 pm BST

PDB ID	:	$9 \mathrm{RI1} / \mathrm{pdb} 00009 \mathrm{ri1}$
Title	:	SARS-CoV-2 with a bound inhibitor
Authors	:	Mac Sweeney, A.
Deposited on	:	2025-06-10
Resolution	:	1.31  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

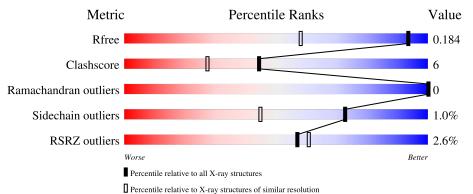
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0rc1
EDS	:	3.0
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.44

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.31 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	1387 (1.30-1.30)
Clashscore	180529	1497 (1.30-1.30)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1455 (1.30-1.30)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1455 (1.30-1.30)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1384 (1.30-1.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	306	88%	11%	
1	В	306	5% 	10%	·

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	PG4	А	402	-	-	Х	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

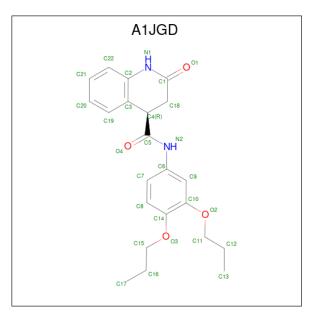
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10186 atoms, of which 4757 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called 3C-like proteinase nsp5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	А	306	Total 4764	C 1522	Н 2364	N 405	0 448	S 25	78	6	0
1	В	301	Total 4688	C 1496	Н 2324	N 401	0 442	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{S} \\ \mathrm{25} \end{array}$	78	6	0

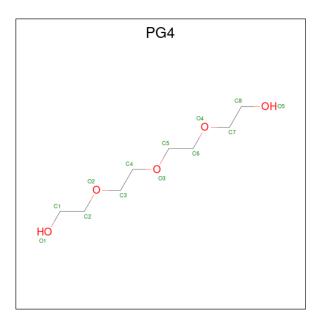
• Molecule 2 is (4 {R})- {N}-(3,4-dipropoxyphenyl)-2-oxidanylidene-3,4-dihydro-1 {H}-q uinoline-4-carboxamide (CCD ID: A1JGD) (formula:  $C_{22}H_{26}N_2O_4$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf			
2	Δ	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0	0	
2	Л	I	54	22	26	2	4	0		
2	В	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	0	0	
	D	1	54	22	26	2	4	U	0	

• Molecule 3 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (CCD ID: PG4) (formula:  $C_8H_{18}O_5$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Η	Ο	1	0
5	A	1	30	8	17	5	T	0

• Molecule 4 is BROMIDE ION (CCD ID: BR) (formula: Br).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total Br 1 1	0	0
4	В	2	Total Br 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total N 1	Va 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

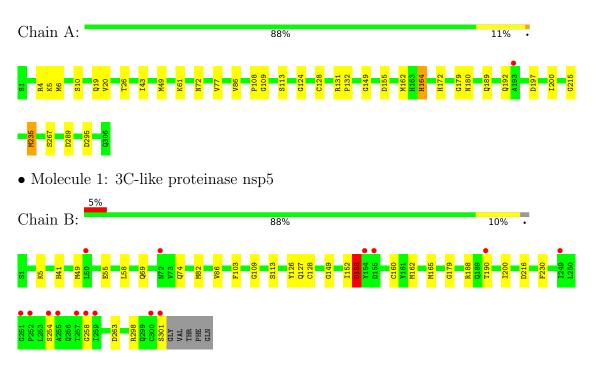


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	355	Total O 355 355	0	0
7	В	236	Total         O           236         236	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: 3C-like proteinase nsp5



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	67.76Å 100.96Å 104.31Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	72.55 - 1.31	Depositor
nesolution (A)	72.55 - 1.31	EDS
% Data completeness	78.0(72.55-1.31)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	78.0(72.55-1.31)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.08	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.98 (at 1.31 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.146 , $0.180$	Depositor
$\mathbf{n}, \mathbf{n}_{free}$	0.154 , $0.184$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	8581 reflections $(4.95%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	11.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.115	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.43 , $45.3$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.015 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	10186	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PG4, A1JGD, BR, CL, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal Chain		Bond lengths		Bond angles		
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	1.29	8/2465~(0.3%)	1.29	7/3348~(0.2%)	
1	В	1.14	0/2425	1.26	5/3295~(0.2%)	
All	All	1.22	8/4890~(0.2%)	1.27	12/6643~(0.2%)	

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	77	VAL	C-O	6.17	1.31	1.24
1	А	215	GLY	C-O	5.78	1.30	1.24
1	А	172	HIS	CE1-NE2	5.68	1.38	1.32
1	А	20	VAL	C-O	-5.36	1.18	1.24
1	А	180	ASN	C-O	5.34	1.30	1.24
1	А	164	HIS	CE1-NE2	5.29	1.37	1.32
1	А	124	GLY	CA-C	-5.14	1.46	1.51
1	А	267	SER	CA-CB	-5.13	1.45	1.53

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	263	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.90	119.50	112.60
1	А	164	HIS	CB-CG-CD2	-6.20	123.14	131.20
1	В	160	CYS	CA-C-O	-6.11	111.67	118.69
1	А	10	SER	CA-C-O	-5.54	112.58	119.18
1	В	230	PHE	CA-CB-CG	-5.40	108.40	113.80
1	А	164	HIS	CB-CG-ND1	5.37	130.76	122.70
1	А	235	MET	CA-CB-CG	-5.31	103.48	114.10
1	А	131	ARG	O-C-N	-5.27	116.01	121.60
1	А	295	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.26	117.86	112.60
1	В	153	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.20	117.80	112.60
1	А	289	ASP	CA-C-O	-5.10	113.86	119.78



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	103	PHE	CA-CB-CG	5.01	118.81	113.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2400	2364	2359	23	0
1	В	2364	2324	2317	34	1
2	А	28	26	0	0	0
2	В	28	26	0	5	0
3	А	13	17	18	18	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	2	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	В	1	0	0	0	0
7	А	355	0	0	3	2
7	В	236	0	0	2	1
All	All	5429	4757	4694	56	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
1100111-1	1100111-2	distance $(Å)$	overlap (Å)
1:B:301:SER:C	7:B:573:HOH:O	1.85	1.15
1:A:5:LYS:HB3	3:A:402:PG4:H31	1.43	1.00
1:A:86[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:162[B]:MET:HE1	1.54	0.90
3:A:402:PG4:H81	1:B:5:LYS:HG2	1.53	0.90
1:A:197:ASP:OD2	7:A:501:HOH:O	1.98	0.82
3:A:402:PG4:C6	1:B:127:GLN:H	1.98	0.76
1:A:86[B]:VAL:HG22	1:A:162[B]:MET:CE	2.16	0.74
3:A:402:PG4:H62	1:B:127:GLN:H	1.52	0.74



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:235:MET:SD	7:A:843:HOH:O	2.47	0.72	
3:A:402:PG4:H62	1:B:126:TYR:HA	1.73	0.70	
1:B:86:VAL:HG22	1:B:162[B]:MET:HE1	1.73	0.70	
1:A:4:ARG:HH11	3:A:402:PG4:H82	1.57	0.68	
1:A:72:ASN:HB2	7:A:801:HOH:O	1.96	0.65	
1:A:5:LYS:CB	3:A:402:PG4:H31	2.24	0.61	
3:A:402:PG4:H62	1:B:127:GLN:N	2.16	0.60	
1:B:165:MET:HE2	2:B:401:A1JGD:C15	2.33	0.59	
1:B:86:VAL:HG22	1:B:162[B]:MET:CE	2.32	0.59	
1:B:165:MET:CE	2:B:401:A1JGD:C16	2.80	0.59	
1:B:165:MET:CE	2:B:401:A1JGD:C15	2.85	0.55	
1:B:254:SER:O	1:B:258:GLY:N	2.40	0.54	
1:B:298:ARG:HH21	1:B:298:ARG:HG3	1.73	0.54	
1:B:152:ILE:C	1:B:153:ASP:OD1	2.51	0.54	
1:B:153:ASP:CG	7:B:509:HOH:O	2.50	0.54	
3:A:402:PG4:H61	1:B:127:GLN:H	1.73	0.52	
1:A:49:MET:HE3	1:A:189:GLN:OE1	2.10	0.51	
1:A:162[B]:MET:HE3	1:A:164:HIS:CE1	2.45	0.51	
3:A:402:PG4:H62	1:B:126:TYR:CA	2.40	0.50	
3:A:402:PG4:H61	1:B:127:GLN:HB3	1.93	0.50	
1:B:86:VAL:HG23	1:B:179:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.49	
1:B:41:HIS:HB2	1:B:49:MET:HE1	1.94	0.49	
3:A:402:PG4:H11	1:B:5:LYS:HB3	1.95	0.48	
1:A:4:ARG:HD2	3:A:402:PG4:C7	2.44	0.47	
1:A:43:ILE:HB	1:A:61:LYS:NZ	2.29	0.47	
1:A:6[A]:MET:SD	1:B:126:TYR:HD2	2.38	0.47	
1:B:188:ARG:HG2	1:B:190:THR:HG23	1.96	0.47	
1:A:5:LYS:HB3	3:A:402:PG4:C3	2.30	0.46	
1:A:86[B]:VAL:HG23	1:A:179:GLY:HA2	1.98	0.46	
1:A:4:ARG:NH1	3:A:402:PG4:H82	2.27	0.45	
1:B:126:TYR:HE1	1:B:128[A]:CYS:SG	2.39	0.45	
1:B:58:LEU:HD22	1:B:82:MET:HG3	1.98	0.44	
1:B:69:GLN:HG2	1:B:74:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.43	
1:B:109:GLY:HA2	1:B:200:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.43	
1:A:4:ARG:HD2	3:A:402:PG4:H72	1.99	0.43	
1:A:113:SER:O	1:A:149:GLY:HA2	2.19	0.43	
1:B:165:MET:HE2	2:B:401:A1JGD:C16	2.49	0.43	
1:B:49:MET:SD	2:B:401:A1JGD:C17	3.07	0.42	
1:A:109:GLY:HA2	1:A:200:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.42	
1:B:126:TYR:HE1	1:B:128[A]:CYS:HG	1.64	0.42	
1:A:19:GLN:CG	1:A:26:THR:HG23	2.49	0.42	

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:4:ARG:HB3	3:A:402:PG4:H72	2.00	0.42	
1:A:19:GLN:CG	1:A:26:THR:CG2	2.98	0.42	
3:A:402:PG4:H61	1:B:127:GLN:CB	2.49	0.41	
1:B:113:SER:O	1:B:149:GLY:HA2	2.20	0.41	
1:B:153:ASP:OD1	1:B:153:ASP:N	2.53	0.41	
1:A:108:PRO:HB3	1:A:132:PRO:HA	2.03	0.41	
1:B:69:GLN:HE21	1:B:69:GLN:HB3	1.65	0.40	

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All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:55:GLU:OE1	7:A:547:HOH:O[2_555]	1.84	0.36
7:A:626:HOH:O	7:B:674:HOH:O[2_554]	1.96	0.24

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	310/306~(101%)	303~(98%)	7(2%)	0	100	100
1	В	305/306~(100%)	301 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	615/612~(100%)	604 (98%)	11 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	269/263~(102%)	266~(99%)	3 (1%)	70 41		
1	В	265/263~(101%)	263~(99%)	2 (1%)	79 55		
All	All	534/526~(102%)	529~(99%)	5 (1%)	73 50		

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	128	CYS
1	А	155	ASP
1	А	192	GLN
1	В	153	ASP
1	В	216	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	72	ASN
1	А	164	HIS
1	А	228	ASN
1	А	273	GLN
1	В	69	GLN
1	В	72	ASN
1	В	74	GLN
1	В	180	ASN
1	В	228	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Re		Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$_{\rm sths}$	В	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	PG4	А	402	-	12,12,12	0.62	0	11,11,11	1.11	1 (9%)
2	A1JGD	В	401	-	30,30,30	1.22	3 (10%)	36,40,40	0.88	1 (2%)
2	A1JGD	А	401	-	30,30,30	1.09	4 (13%)	36,40,40	0.96	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PG4	А	402	-	-	1/10/10/10	-
2	A1JGD	В	401	-	-	3/16/28/28	0/3/3/3
2	A1JGD	А	401	-	-	0/16/28/28	0/3/3/3

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	В	401	A1JGD	O1-C1	-2.95	1.17	1.23
2	В	401	A1JGD	C2-N1	2.93	1.44	1.39
2	А	401	A1JGD	O3-C15	2.46	1.52	1.43
2	А	401	A1JGD	C12-C11	2.38	1.65	1.49
2	В	401	A1JGD	C1-N1	2.32	1.37	1.35
2	А	401	A1JGD	O3-C14	2.27	1.42	1.37
2	А	401	A1JGD	C1-N1	-2.27	1.32	1.35

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	401	A1JGD	O3-C15-C16	-2.55	97.78	109.91
3	А	402	PG4	O4-C6-C5	2.37	121.09	110.39



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	401	A1JGD	C8-C7-C6	-2.23	117.72	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	402	PG4	C3-C4-O3-C5
2	В	401	A1JGD	C8-C14-O3-C15
2	В	401	A1JGD	C16-C15-O3-C14
2	В	401	A1JGD	C10-C14-O3-C15

There are no ring outliers.

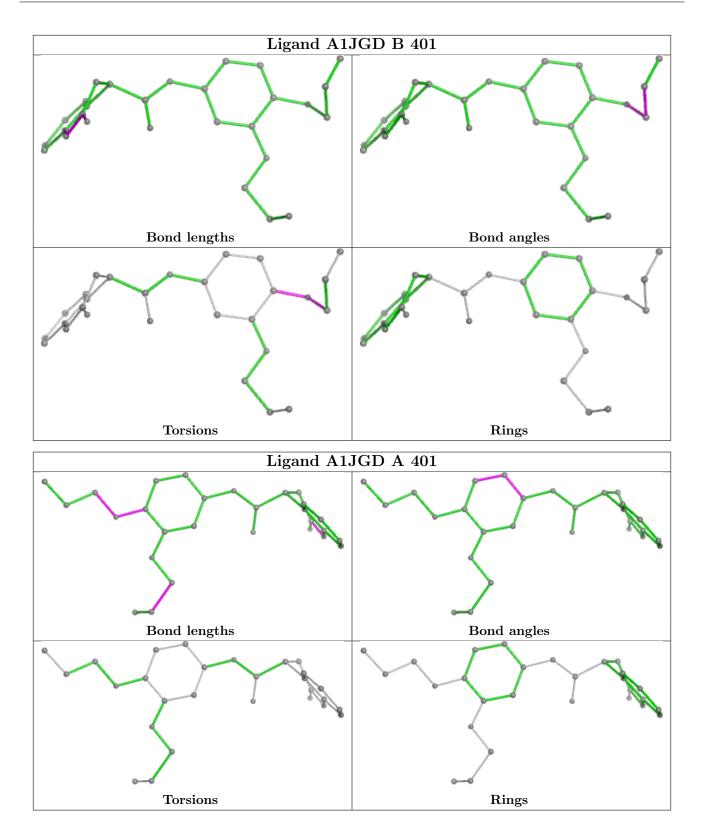
2 monomers are involved in 23 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	402	PG4	18	0
2	В	401	A1JGD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	306/306~(100%)	-0.59	1 (0%) 90 91	6, 14, 27, 49	6 (1%)
1	В	301/306~(98%)	-0.13	15 (4%) 35 38	6, 18, 44, 65	6 (1%)
All	All	607/612~(99%)	-0.36	16 (2%) 57 61	6, 15, 40, 65	12 (1%)

All (16) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	154	TYR	6.6
1	В	50	LEU	5.6
1	В	255	ALA	4.7
1	В	249	ILE	4.2
1	В	257	THR	3.3
1	В	258	GLY	3.1
1	В	155	ASP	2.9
1	В	259	ILE	2.7
1	В	254	SER	2.4
1	В	301	SER	2.4
1	В	190	THR	2.4
1	В	251	GLY	2.2
1	В	252	PRO	2.2
1	В	300	CYS	2.2
1	В	72	ASN	2.1
1	А	193	ALA	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

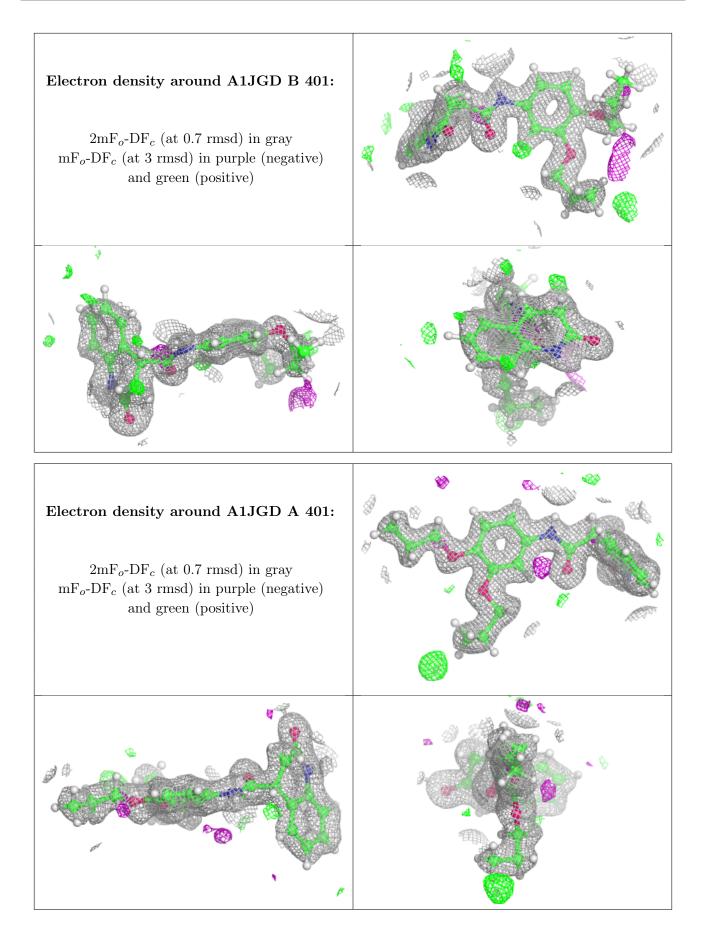
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	PG4	A	402	13/13	0.93	0.12	0,26,34,40	1
2	A1JGD	В	401	28/28	0.97	0.07	16,27,41,46	0
2	A1JGD	А	401	28/28	0.99	0.04	11,15,25,26	0
4	BR	А	403	1/1	1.00	0.04	22,22,22,22	0
4	BR	В	404	1/1	1.00	0.03	20,20,20,20	0
4	BR	В	405	1/1	1.00	0.01	14,14,14,14	0
5	NA	В	402	1/1	1.00	0.03	18,18,18,18	0
6	CL	В	403	1/1	1.00	0.02	25,25,25,25	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

