

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Jun 30, 2025 – 12:46 PM JST

PDB ID : 9JR3 / pdb 00009jr3

EMDB ID : EMD-61747

Title: Cryo-EM structure of PTH-PTH1R-Gq (tilted state)

Authors: Sano, F.K.; Hirano, H.; Itoh, Y.; Nureki, O.

Deposited on : 2024-09-29

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

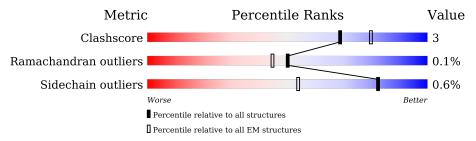
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

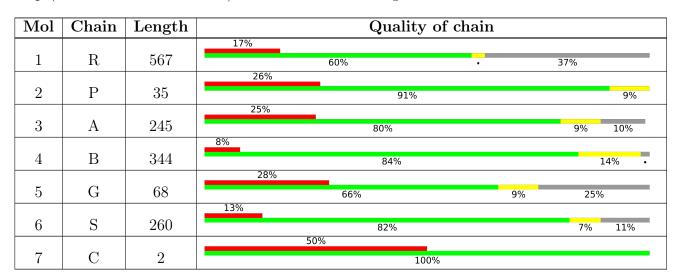
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.





2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9455 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	R	355	Total 2865	C 1904	N 468	O 473	S 20	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Parathyroid hormone.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
9	D	25	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1
	Г	35	289	181	56	50	2	0	1

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Р	35	NH2	-	amidation	UNP P01270

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1 (miniGq).

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
3	A	220	Total 1722	C 1094	N 304	O 317	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
4	В	337	Total 2473	C 1541	N 439	O 473	S 20	0	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P54311

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
В	-1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
В	0	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P54311
В	1	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P54311

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{s}$			AltConf	Trace
5	C	51	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
)	G	91	350	221	60	67	2	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
G	68	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P63212

• Molecule 6 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	AltConf	Trace			
6	S	231	Total 1727	C 1099	N 289	O 330	S 9	0	0

• Molecule 7 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns	AltConf	Trace	
7	С	9	Total	С	N	О	0	0
'		2	28	16	2	10	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
8	R	1	Total O 1 1	0

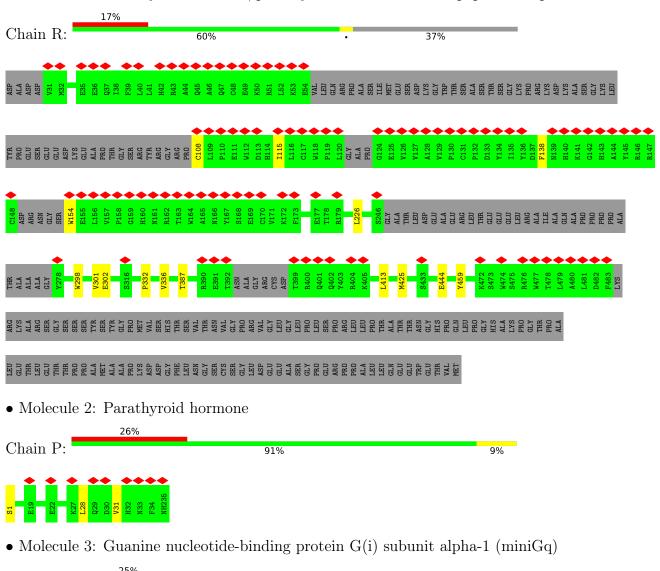


Chain A:

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

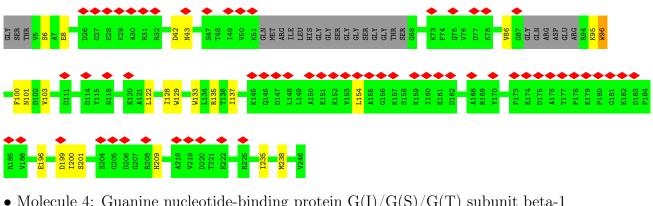
• Molecule 1: Parathyroid hormone/parathyroid hormone-related peptide receptor



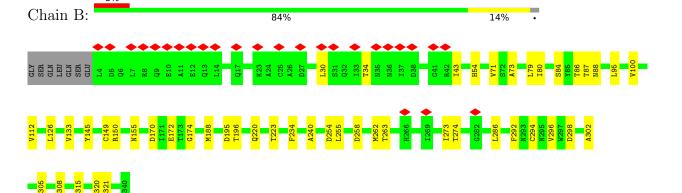


10%

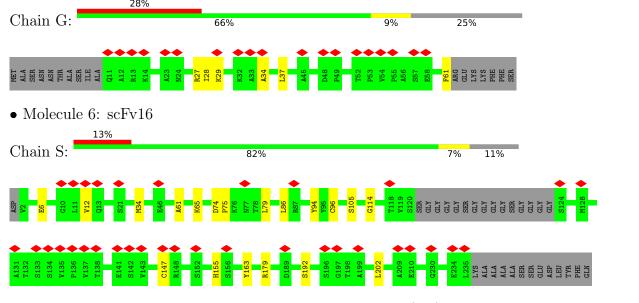
80%



• Molecule 4: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



• Molecule 5: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



• Molecule 7: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc opyranose

Chain C: 100%







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	259479	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	57.052	Depositor
Minimum map value	-39.422	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.572	Depositor
Recommended contour level	4.7	Depositor
Map size (Å)	193.848, 193.848, 193.848	wwPDB
Map dimensions	394, 394, 394	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.492, 0.492, 0.492	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NH2, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	R	0.11	0/2950	0.24	0/4014	
2	Р	0.20	0/293	0.27	0/391	
3	A	0.12	0/1753	0.29	0/2370	
4	В	0.13	0/2520	0.32	0/3432	
5	G	0.14	0/356	0.26	0/488	
6	S	0.12	0/1771	0.29	0/2408	
All	All	0.13	0/9643	0.28	0/13103	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	R	2865	0	2778	10	0
2	Р	289	0	292	4	0
3	A	1722	0	1663	16	0
4	В	2473	0	2303	29	0
5	G	350	0	315	5	0
6	S	1727	0	1621	10	0
7	С	28	0	25	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	R	1	0	0	1	0
All	All	9455	0	8997	64	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (64) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A4 1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \; ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:R:302:GLU:O	8:R:601:HOH:O	2.14	0.64
1:R:425:MET:O	2:P:1:SER:N	2.33	0.61
4:B:86:THR:O	4:B:88:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.59
1:R:226:LEU:HD22	1:R:302:GLU:HG3	1.85	0.58
3:A:8:GLU:OE2	6:S:163:TYR:OH	2.22	0.57
3:A:122:LEU:HD22	3:A:200:ILE:HD12	1.86	0.57
4:B:286:LEU:HD22	4:B:296:VAL:HG22	1.86	0.56
4:B:79:LEU:HB2	4:B:95:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.56
4:B:258:ASP:OD2	5:G:27:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.54
4:B:30:LEU:HD13	5:G:34:ALA:HB1	1.89	0.53
4:B:298:ASP:O	4:B:302:ALA:N	2.34	0.53
4:B:223:THR:O	4:B:223:THR:HG23	2.09	0.52
6:S:12:VAL:HG21	6:S:86:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.52
1:R:138:PHE:HZ	2:P:28:LEU:HD21	1.75	0.52
4:B:145:TYR:OH	4:B:188:MET:SD	2.66	0.51
4:B:155:ASN:OD1	4:B:172:GLU:N	2.41	0.51
4:B:240:ALA:CB	5:G:37:LEU:HD11	2.42	0.50
4:B:71:VAL:HG11	4:B:112:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.50
6:S:105:SER:O	6:S:179:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.50
4:B:149:CYS:O	4:B:150:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.49
1:R:108:CYS:SG	1:R:154:TRP:N	2.86	0.48
6:S:6:GLU:OE1	6:S:96:CYS:N	2.46	0.48
1:R:115:ILE:HD12	2:P:31:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
3:A:129:TRP:NE1	3:A:201:SER:O	2.47	0.48
4:B:43:ILE:N	4:B:305:ALA:O	2.37	0.47
6:S:192:SER:O	6:S:202:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.47
4:B:112:VAL:HG13	4:B:126:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
3:A:95:LYS:O	3:A:96:TRP:HB3	2.15	0.47
4:B:220:GLN:NE2	4:B:255:LEU:O	2.44	0.47
3:A:42:ASP:O	3:A:43:ASN:OD1	2.34	0.46
1:R:138:PHE:CZ	2:P:28:LEU:HD21	2.50	0.46
6:S:61:ALA:O	6:S:65:LYS:N	2.49	0.46

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		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
3:A:6:SER:HG	6:S:155:HIS:CE1	2.33	0.45
4:B:126:LEU:HD23	4:B:133:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.45
4:B:84:SER:HB2	5:G:61:PHE:HE2	1.82	0.45
1:R:298:TRP:CZ3	1:R:301:VAL:HG11	2.52	0.45
3:A:235:ILE:HD13	3:A:238:MET:HE2	1.98	0.45
4:B:86:THR:O	4:B:87:THR:HG22	2.16	0.45
6:S:34:MET:HB3	6:S:79:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.44
4:B:195:ASP:O	4:B:196:THR:OG1	2.19	0.44
1:R:332:PRO:O	1:R:336:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
4:B:274:THR:OG1	4:B:315:VAL:O	2.36	0.44
5:G:28:ILE:HG22	5:G:29:LYS:N	2.33	0.43
3:A:100:PHE:HB3	3:A:103:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.43
4:B:54:HIS:CD2	4:B:80:ILE:HD12	2.53	0.43
3:A:137:ILE:HD12	3:A:137:ILE:N	2.34	0.43
4:B:170:ASP:O	4:B:174:GLY:N	2.52	0.43
4:B:294:CYS:HB2	4:B:308:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
3:A:196:GLU:O	3:A:199:ASP:OD1	2.37	0.42
4:B:320:VAL:HG12	4:B:321:THR:N	2.34	0.42
6:S:94:TYR:O	6:S:114:GLY:CA	2.68	0.42
3:A:43:ASN:O	3:A:43:ASN:CG	2.63	0.42
4:B:262:MET:HG3	4:B:263:THR:N	2.35	0.41
6:S:74:ASP:HB2	6:S:75:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:R:413:LEU:HD12	1:R:459:TYR:OH	2.20	0.41
3:A:86:VAL:HG21	3:A:96:TRP:CZ3	2.55	0.41
3:A:101:ASN:ND2	3:A:133:TRP:O	2.54	0.41
4:B:73:ALA:HB1	4:B:100:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41
3:A:128:ILE:HD13	3:A:128:ILE:HA	1.95	0.41
4:B:30:LEU:HD12	4:B:34:THR:HG23	2.02	0.41
4:B:273:ILE:N	4:B:273:ILE:HD12	2.35	0.41
3:A:95:LYS:O	3:A:96:TRP:CB	2.68	0.40
4:B:292:PHE:N	4:B:292:PHE:CD1	2.90	0.40
3:A:135:ARG:O	3:A:209:HIS:ND1	2.54	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM



entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	R	343/567 (60%)	338 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	Р	33/35~(94%)	32 (97%)	1 (3%)	0	100	100
3	A	214/245 (87%)	207 (97%)	6 (3%)	1 (0%)	25	56
4	В	335/344 (97%)	322 (96%)	13 (4%)	0	100	100
5	G	49/68 (72%)	49 (100%)	0	0	100	100
6	S	227/260 (87%)	224 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1201/1519 (79%)	1172 (98%)	28 (2%)	1 (0%)	50	77

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	96	TRP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	R	294/480~(61%)	292 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	94
2	Р	33/33 (100%)	33 (100%)	0	100	100
3	A	177/212 (84%)	176 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	95
4	В	247/286~(86%)	245 (99%)	2 (1%)	79	93
5	G	30/56 (54%)	30 (100%)	0	100	100
6	S	181/209 (87%)	180 (99%)	1 (1%)	84	95
All	All	962/1276 (75%)	956 (99%)	6 (1%)	82	95

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	R	387	THR
1	R	444	GLU
3	A	154	LEU
4	В	234	PHE
4	В	254	ASP
6	S	147	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (16) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	R	47	GLN
1	R	220	ASN
1	R	225	HIS
1	R	442	HIS
1	R	467	GLN
2	Р	6	GLN
3	A	43	ASN
3	A	80	ASN
3	A	130	ASN
4	В	35	ASN
4	В	54	HIS
4	В	88	ASN
4	В	91	HIS
4	В	230	ASN
4	В	266	HIS
6	S	39	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Moi Type		Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
7	NAG	С	1	7,1	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.39	0
7	NAG	С	2	7	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.41	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	С	1	7,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	С	2	7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

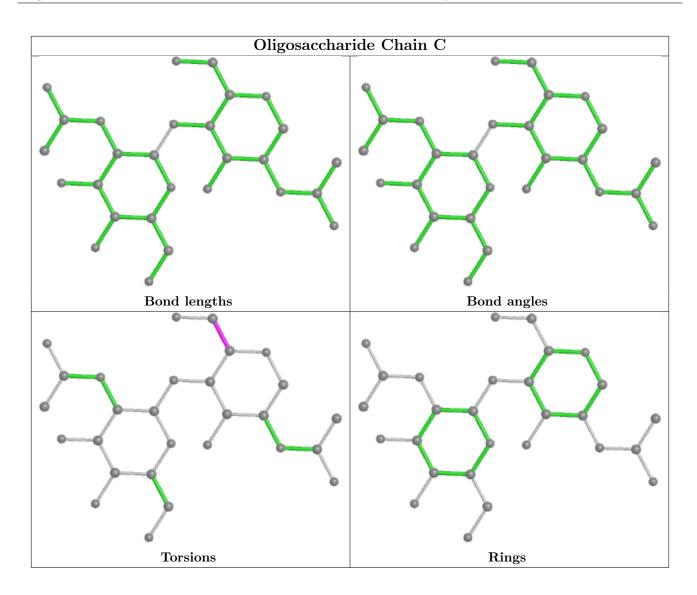
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



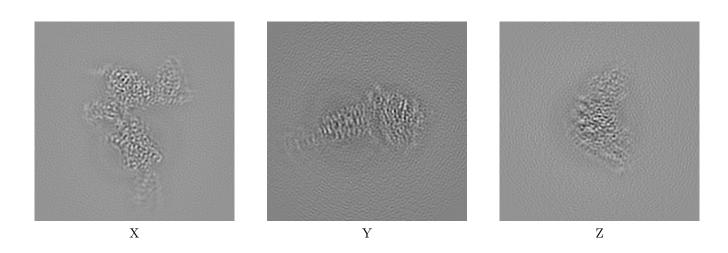
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-61747. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

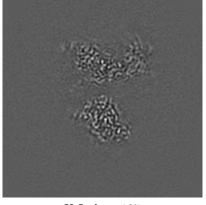
6.1.1 Primary map



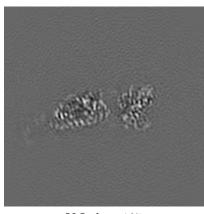
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

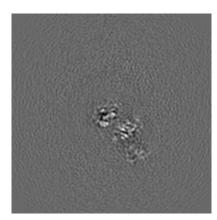
6.2.1 Primary map







Y Index: 197



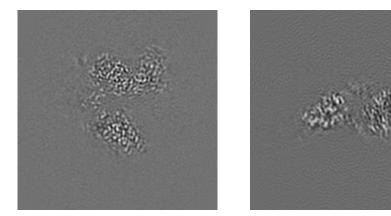
Z Index: 197

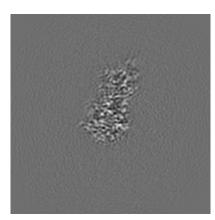


The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



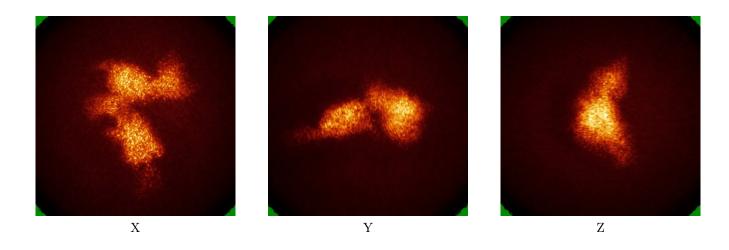


X Index: 207 Y Index: 183 Z Index: 261

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map

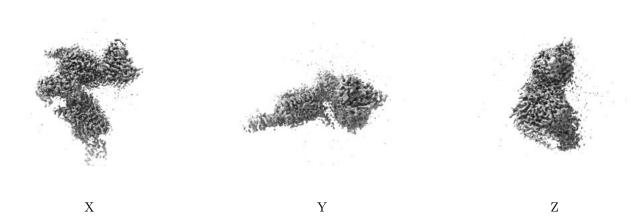


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 4.7. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

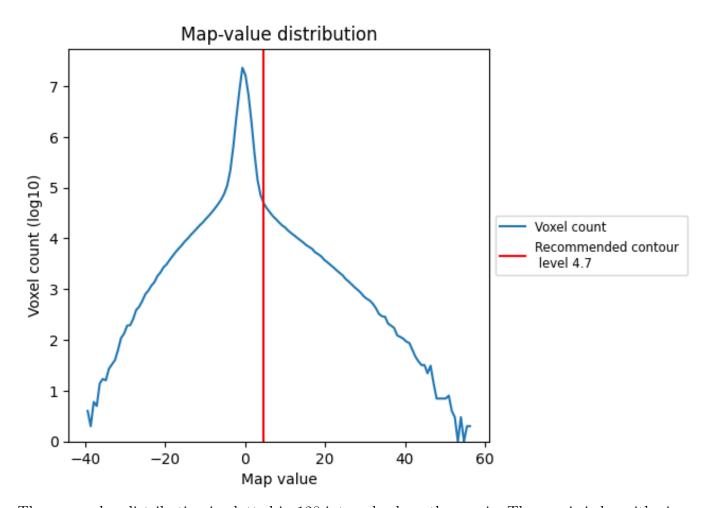
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

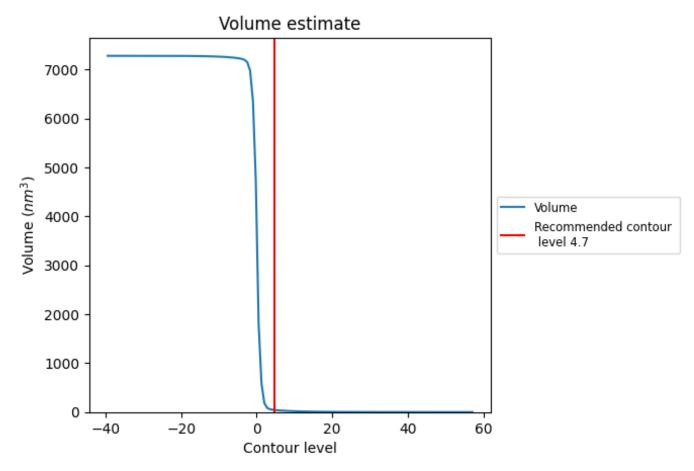
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

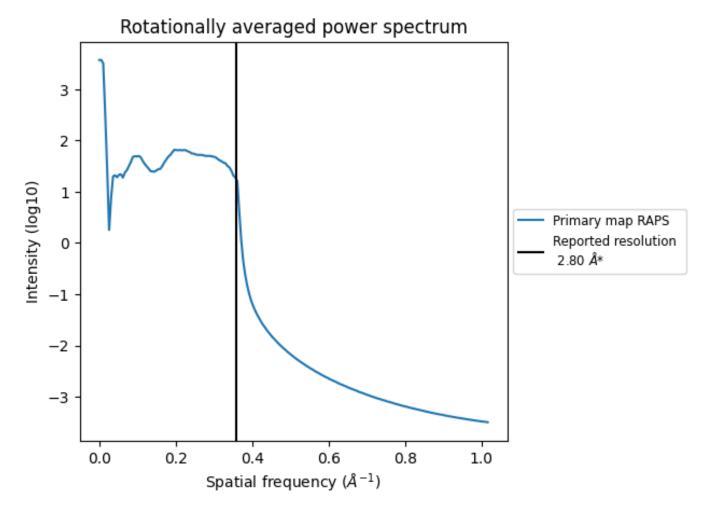


The volume at the recommended contour level is 43 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 39 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.357 ${\rm \AA}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

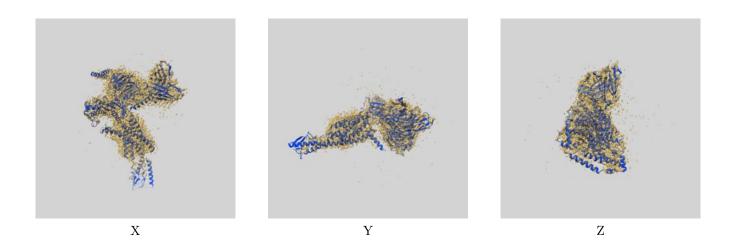
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-61747 and PDB model 9JR3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

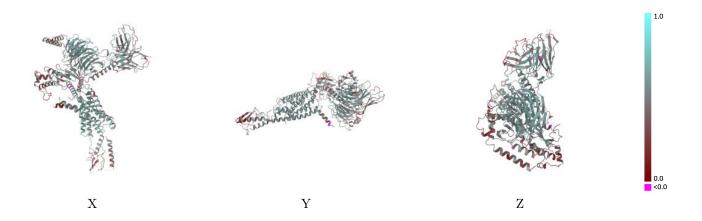
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 4.7 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

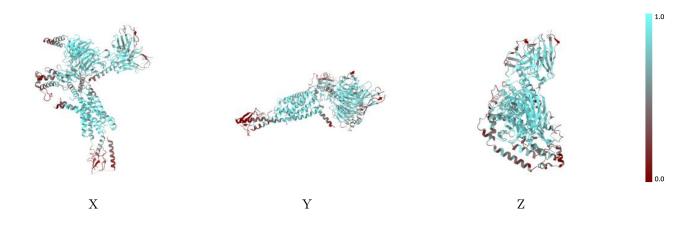


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

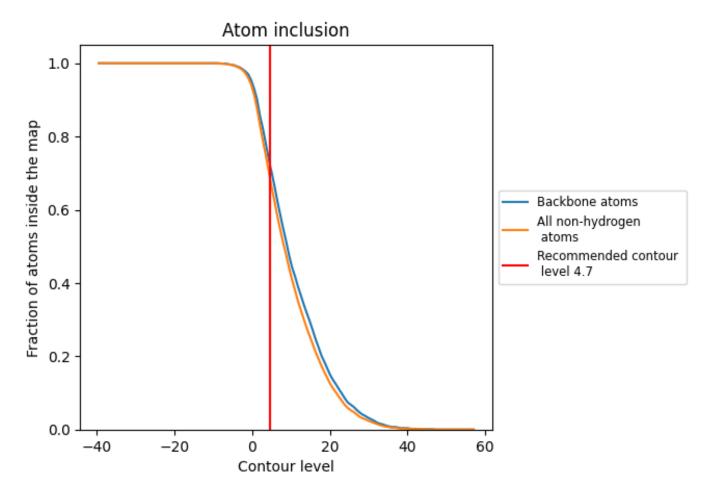
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (4.7).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 72% of all backbone atoms, 68% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (4.7) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6810	0.4870
A	0.6030	0.4300
В	0.8020	0.5320
С	0.3210	0.4470
G	0.5070	0.3840
Р	0.6230	0.5110
R	0.6550	0.4950
S	0.6920	0.4820



