

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 29, 2025 – 12:26 AM JST

PDB ID : 9II1 / pdb 00009ii1

Title: GH57 family Amylopullulanase mutant E256L from Aquifex aeolicus in com-

plex with maltohexaose

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Deposited on : 2024-06-18

Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad \text{4-5-2 with Phenix 2.0 rc1}$ 

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1

EDS : 3.0 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

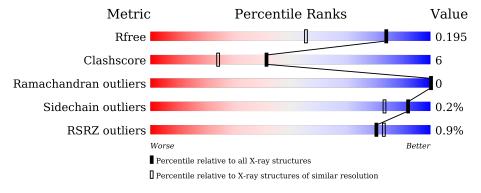
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Medite	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	3717 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	180529	4048 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	3970 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	177891	3967 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	164620	3718 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	A	477	.% 	89%	11%
1	В	477	. <del>"</del>	87%	13%
2	С	5		80%	20%
2	Е	5	20%	60%	20%
3	D	4	509	% 50	0%
4	G	3	33%	67%	



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8856 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Glycoside hydrolase family 57 N-terminal domain-containing protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	$\mathbf{Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	476	Total	C N O S	0	0	0			
1	1 A	410	4043	2647	647	740	9	U	U	
1	D	476	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	410	4043	2647	647	740	9	U		U

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	256	LEU	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP O66934
В	256	LEU	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP O66934

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	5	Total 56	C O 30 26	0	0	0
2	Е	5	Total 56	C O 30 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.





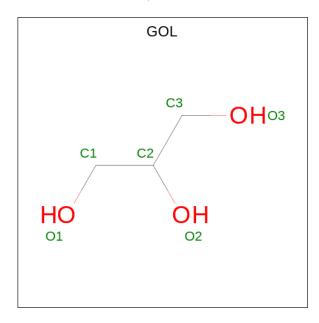
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
3	D	4	Total 45	C 24	O 21	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	G	3	Total 34	C 18	O 16	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

## • Molecule 6 is water.

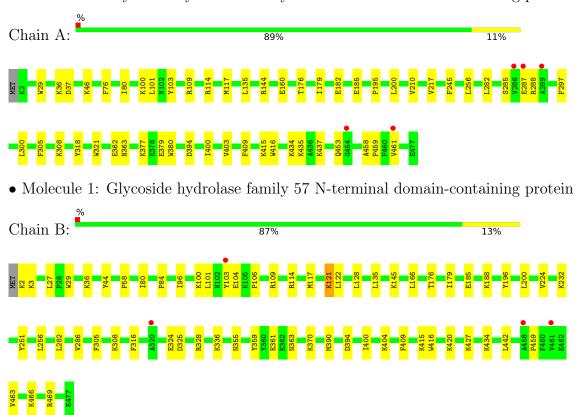
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	294	Total O 294 294	0	0
6	В	255	Total O 255 255	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Glycoside hydrolase family 57 N-terminal domain-containing protein



• Molecule 2: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 80% 20%

GLC1 GLC2 GLC3 GLC4 GLC5

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 20% 60% 20%





 $\bullet$  Molecule 3: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:

50%

50%



 $\bullet$  Molecule 4: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose e

Chain G:

33%

67%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	60.83Å 39.64Å 193.78Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $95.76^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	56.16 - 1.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	56.16 - 1.50	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (56.16-1.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (56.16-1.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.13	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.57 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.13_2998: ???)	Depositor
D D.	0.171 , 0.200	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.166 , $0.195$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7233 reflections (4.89%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.262	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 40.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	8856	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, BGC, GLC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.46	1/4156~(0.0%)	0.60	0/5622	
1	В	0.38	0/4156	0.55	0/5622	
All	All	0.42	1/8312 (0.0%)	0.57	0/11244	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	453	GLN	C-O	-5.70	1.17	1.23

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	195	PRO	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within



the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4043	0	3980	47	1
1	В	4043	0	3980	54	0
2	С	56	0	48	4	0
2	Е	56	0	48	1	0
3	D	45	0	39	7	0
4	G	34	0	30	5	0
5	A	24	0	31	10	0
5	В	6	0	7	3	0
6	A	294	0	0	6	2
6	В	255	0	0	10	2
All	All	8856	0	8163	103	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (103) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:121:LYS:HE3	1:B:122:LEU:H	1.16	1.05
1:B:324:GLU:HG2	1:B:370:LYS:HD3	1.56	0.88
1:A:409:PHE:CD2	3:D:1:GLC:H62	2.10	0.86
1:A:103:TYR:OH	1:A:114:ARG:HD3	1.80	0.81
1:B:121:LYS:HE3	1:B:122:LEU:N	1.94	0.81
1:A:308:LYS:NZ	3:D:1:GLC:O2	2.14	0.79
2:C:5:GLC:H2	3:D:4:GLC:H61	1.64	0.79
1:B:121:LYS:CE	1:B:122:LEU:H	1.93	0.78
1:B:145:LYS:NZ	6:B:601:HOH:O	2.16	0.77
1:A:287:GLU:HG2	1:A:288:ARG:HG3	1.65	0.76
1:A:287:GLU:OE1	6:A:601:HOH:O	2.03	0.76
1:A:37:ASP:HA	5:A:501:GOL:H32	1.69	0.75
1:B:101:LEU:HD13	1:B:459:PRO:HG2	1.70	0.74
1:A:363:ASN:ND2	5:A:501:GOL:H2	2.03	0.73
1:A:200:LEU:HD21	1:A:256:LEU:HD12	1.72	0.72
1:B:409:PHE:CD2	4:G:1:BGC:H6C2	2.24	0.72
1:A:377:LYS:NZ	6:A:603:HOH:O	2.18	0.69
1:B:308:LYS:NZ	4:G:1:BGC:O2	2.30	0.65
2:C:5:GLC:C2	3:D:4:GLC:H61	2.26	0.64
1:B:2:LYS:N	6:B:604:HOH:O	2.31	0.63
1:B:336:LYS:HD2	1:B:336:LYS:C	2.26	0.61
1:B:188:LYS:NZ	6:B:605:HOH:O	2.33	0.61

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Continued from previous		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:46:LYS:NZ	6:A:605:HOH:O	2.30	0.60	
1:A:101:LEU:HD13	1:A:459:PRO:HG2	1.84	0.60	
1:A:362:GLU:OE2	6:A:602:HOH:O	2.16	0.60	
1:B:135:LEU:HD11	1:B:166:LEU:HG	1.84	0.59	
1:B:29:TRP:CD2	2:E:3:GLC:H2	2.38	0.59	
1:A:29:TRP:CD2	2:C:3:GLC:H2	2.38	0.58	
1:B:104:GLU:H	1:B:104:GLU:CD	2.11	0.58	
1:A:256:LEU:HD13	1:A:416:TRP:CZ2	2.38	0.58	
1:B:80:ILE:HG21	1:B:135:LEU:HG	1.86	0.57	
1:A:409:PHE:CD2	3:D:1:GLC:C6	2.87	0.56	
1:B:427:LYS:HD2	6:B:833:HOH:O	2.05	0.56	
1:B:256:LEU:HD13	1:B:416:TRP:CZ2	2.42	0.55	
1:A:100:LYS:HG3	1:A:117:MET:CE	2.38	0.53	
2:C:5:GLC:H2	3:D:4:GLC:C6	2.39	0.52	
1:A:379:GLU:HG2	1:B:325:ASP:OD2	2.10	0.51	
1:B:84:PRO:HG2	1:B:128:LEU:HG	1.93	0.51	
1:B:185:GLU:OE2	6:B:602:HOH:O	2.18	0.51	
1:B:394:ASP:OD1	1:B:394:ASP:N	2.36	0.50	
1:A:409:PHE:CE2	3:D:1:GLC:H62	2.47	0.49	
1:B:100:LYS:HG3	1:B:117:MET:CE	2.42	0.49	
1:B:3:LYS:NZ	6:B:608:HOH:O	2.44	0.49	
1:B:282:LEU:HB2	1:B:305:PHE:CD2	2.47	0.49	
1:B:328:ARG:NH2	6:B:610:HOH:O	2.45	0.49	
1:B:420:LYS:O	1:B:420:LYS:HD2	2.12	0.49	
1:B:100:LYS:HG3	1:B:117:MET:HE3	1.95	0.48	
1:B:44:TYR:OH	5:B:501:GOL:H32	2.12	0.48	
1:A:318:TYR:HA	1:A:321:TRP:CD1	2.48	0.48	
1:B:106:PRO:HD2	1:B:359:TYR:HA	1.94	0.48	
1:B:109:ARG:NH2	1:B:361:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.48	
1:A:36:LYS:O	5:A:501:GOL:H32	2.13	0.48	
1:A:185:GLU:OE2	5:A:502:GOL:O2	2.31	0.47	
1:A:285:SER:HB3	1:A:403:VAL:HA	1.96	0.47	
1:A:144:ARG:HH12	5:A:503:GOL:C3	2.27	0.47	
1:A:103:TYR:OH	1:A:114:ARG:CD	2.58	0.47	
1:B:96:ILE:HG23	1:B:117:MET:HE1	1.97	0.47	
1:B:200:LEU:HD21	1:B:256:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.47	
1:A:282:LEU:HB2	1:A:305:PHE:CD2	2.50	0.46	
1:B:308:LYS:NZ	4:G:1:BGC:HB	2.12	0.46	
1:A:176:THR:O	1:A:179:ILE:HG22	2.16	0.46	
1:B:409:PHE:CD2	1:B:415:LYS:HG3	2.51	0.46	
1:A:76:PHE:HB2	6:A:826:HOH:O	2.14	0.46	

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Continued from previ		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:B:103:TYR:HH	1:B:114:ARG:HD2	1.81	0.45
1:A:458:ALA:O	1:A:461:VAL:HG22	2.17	0.45
1:A:185:GLU:OE1	5:A:504:GOL:O2	2.34	0.45
1:B:36:LYS:O	5:B:501:GOL:H12	2.17	0.45
1:B:224:VAL:HG11	1:B:434:LYS:HG2	1.99	0.45
1:A:109:ARG:HH11	1:A:109:ARG:HG3	1.82	0.45
1:A:210:VAL:HG12	1:A:217:VAL:HG11	1.98	0.45
1:A:380:TRP:H	1:A:380:TRP:CD1	2.34	0.45
1:A:400:ILE:HD11	1:A:403:VAL:HG12	1.99	0.45
1:A:200:LEU:CD2	1:A:256:LEU:HD12	2.45	0.45
1:B:316:PHE:HZ	4:G:2:GLC:H5	1.82	0.44
1:B:176:THR:O	1:B:179:ILE:HG22	2.17	0.44
1:A:287:GLU:CD	1:A:288:ARG:H	2.25	0.44
1:A:80:ILE:HG21	1:A:135:LEU:HG	1.99	0.44
1:B:363:ASN:ND2	5:B:501:GOL:H11	2.33	0.44
1:B:109:ARG:NH2	1:B:361:GLU:OE2	2.51	0.43
1:B:232:LYS:HE3	1:B:442:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:B:434:LYS:NZ	6:B:618:HOH:O	2.50	0.43
1:B:466:LYS:NZ	6:B:614:HOH:O	2.46	0.43
1:A:182:GLU:HB2	5:A:502:GOL:H12	1.99	0.43
1:A:461:VAL:HG21	6:A:620:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:297:PHE:HA	1:A:400:ILE:HG23	2.00	0.43
1:B:469:ARG:NH1	6:B:620:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:B:27:LEU:HG	1:B:463:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.42
1:A:394:ASP:OD1	1:A:394:ASP:N	2.36	0.42
1:B:286:VAL:CG1	1:B:400:ILE:HD12	2.49	0.42
1:B:58:PRO:HG2	1:B:196:TYR:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:103:TYR:OH	1:B:114:ARG:HD2	2.19	0.42
1:B:224:VAL:CG1	1:B:434:LYS:HG2	2.50	0.42
1:A:287:GLU:CG	1:A:288:ARG:N	2.83	0.42
1:A:245:PHE:HA	5:A:504:GOL:H2	2.02	0.41
1:A:182:GLU:HB2	5:A:502:GOL:H32	2.02	0.41
1:A:409:PHE:CD2	1:A:415:LYS:HG3	2.56	0.41
1:B:251:TYR:HE1	1:B:390:MET:SD	2.43	0.41
1:A:435:LYS:O	1:A:437:LYS:HD2	2.19	0.41
1:B:355:ASN:HB2	4:G:3:GLC:H2	2.03	0.41
1:B:404:LYS:HA	1:B:404:LYS:HD3	1.79	0.41
1:B:415:LYS:HA	1:B:415:LYS:HD2	1.94	0.41
1:A:144:ARG:HH12	5:A:503:GOL:H32	1.86	0.41
1:A:287:GLU:HG2	1:A:288:ARG:N	2.37	0.40

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the sym-



metry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:793:HOH:O	6:B:771:HOH:O[1_655]	2.11	0.09
1:A:160:GLU:OE2	1:A:434:LYS:NZ[1_455]	2.16	0.04
6:A:847:HOH:O	6:B:824:HOH:O[1_565]	2.17	0.03

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$474/477 \ (99\%)$	466 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	474/477~(99%)	469 (99%)	5 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	948/954 (99%)	935 (99%)	13 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	436/437 (100%)	435 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	83
1	В	436/437 (100%)	435 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	83
All	All	872/874 (100%)	870 (100%)	2 (0%)	92	83

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	300	LEU
1	В	121	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	134	ASN
1	A	248	HIS
1	A	476	GLN
1	В	134	ASN
1	В	319	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

17 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	GLC	С	1	2	12,12,12	0.62	0	17,17,17	1.05	1 (5%)
2	GLC	С	2	2	11,11,12	0.71	0	15,15,17	1.15	1 (6%)
2	GLC	С	3	2	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	1.24	2 (13%)
2	GLC	С	4	2	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	1.60	3 (20%)
2	GLC	С	5	2	11,11,12	0.64	0	15,15,17	0.80	0
3	GLC	D	1	3	12,12,12	0.73	0	17,17,17	1.10	2 (11%)



Mal	Trunc	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GLC	D	2	3	11,11,12	0.71	0	15,15,17	1.70	3 (20%)
3	GLC	D	3	3	11,11,12	1.10	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.51	3 (20%)
3	GLC	D	4	3	11,11,12	1.30	2 (18%)	15,15,17	3.52	8 (53%)
2	GLC	Е	1	2	12,12,12	0.59	0	17,17,17	1.23	0
2	GLC	Е	2	2	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	1.33	1 (6%)
2	GLC	Е	3	2	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	1.41	3 (20%)
2	GLC	Е	4	2	11,11,12	0.49	0	15,15,17	1.07	1 (6%)
2	GLC	Е	5	2	11,11,12	0.61	0	15,15,17	1.12	1 (6%)
4	BGC	G	1	4	12,12,12	0.56	0	17,17,17	1.45	3 (17%)
4	GLC	G	2	4	11,11,12	0.55	0	15,15,17	1.41	2 (13%)
4	GLC	G	3	4	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	0.98	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	С	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	5	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	1	3	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	2	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	GLC	D	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	E	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	Е	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	E	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	E	4	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	Е	5	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	G	1	4		2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	G	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	GLC	G	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	D	3	GLC	O2-C2	-2.75	1.37	1.43
3	D	4	GLC	O2-C2	-2.57	1.37	1.43
3	D	4	GLC	C1-C2	2.04	1.56	1.52

All (34) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6	8.12	119.93	107.20
3	D	4	GLC	C3-C4-C5	-6.30	99.00	110.24
3	D	4	GLC	C2-C3-C4	-5.43	101.50	110.89
3	D	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6	4.33	113.99	107.20
3	D	4	GLC	O3-C3-C2	3.79	117.26	109.99
3	D	4	GLC	O4-C4-C5	3.57	118.17	109.30
3	D	3	GLC	O6-C6-C5	-3.55	99.12	111.29
2	С	4	GLC	O3-C3-C2	-3.46	103.36	109.99
3	D	2	GLC	O4-C4-C3	-3.25	102.83	110.35
2	Ε	3	GLC	O3-C3-C2	3.15	116.02	109.99
3	D	4	GLC	O6-C6-C5	-3.14	100.53	111.29
2	Ε	5	GLC	C1-C2-C3	3.12	113.51	109.67
4	G	1	BGC	O5-C5-C4	3.04	115.22	109.69
4	G	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.04	116.31	112.19
2	С	4	GLC	O2-C2-C3	-3.00	104.12	110.14
4	G	2	GLC	C1-C2-C3	2.75	113.05	109.67
2	С	4	GLC	O3-C3-C4	2.71	116.61	110.35
2	Ε	2	GLC	C3-C4-C5	-2.70	105.42	110.24
4	G	1	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-2.64	105.57	110.28
3	D	3	GLC	O5-C1-C2	-2.60	106.76	110.77
2	С	3	GLC	C2-C3-C4	-2.56	106.47	110.89
3	D	4	GLC	O2-C2-C1	2.51	114.29	109.15
2	С	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.48	115.56	112.19
2	Ε	3	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.46	115.52	112.19
3	D	2	GLC	O2-C2-C3	-2.42	105.29	110.14
3	D	1	GLC	O2-C2-C1	-2.39	103.61	109.16
2	С	1	GLC	O5-C5-C4	2.35	113.95	109.69
3	D	3	GLC	O5-C5-C4	-2.31	105.20	110.83
2	С	3	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.31	115.32	112.19
4	G	1	BGC	O6-C6-C5	2.31	119.20	111.29
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C1-C2	2.06	113.95	110.77
2	Ε	3	GLC	C2-C3-C4	-2.06	107.34	110.89
3	D	1	GLC	O4-C4-C3	-2.06	105.60	110.35
2	Ε	4	GLC	C1-O5-C5	2.02	114.92	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.



All (10) torsion outliers are listed below:

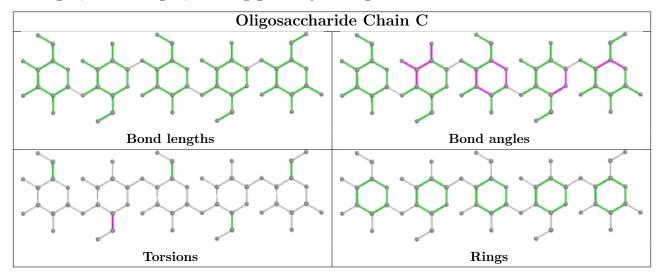
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	G	1	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	G	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	4	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	5	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	3	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	4	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	D	4	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

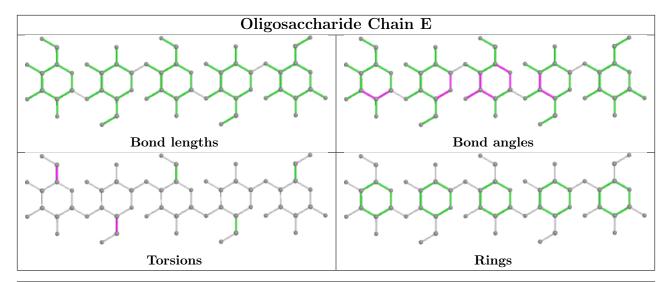
8 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

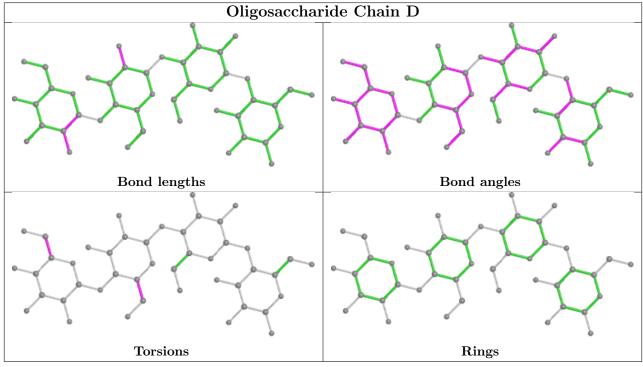
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	3	GLC	1	0
4	G	3	GLC	1	0
3	D	4	GLC	3	0
4	G	1	BGC	3	0
2	С	3	GLC	1	0
2	С	5	GLC	3	0
3	D	1	GLC	4	0
4	G	2	GLC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

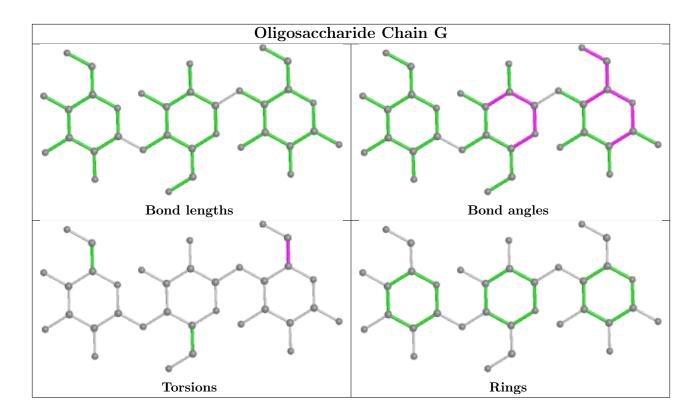












## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Chain	Des	Link	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GOL	A	501	-	5,5,5	1.12	0	5,5,5	1.23	0
5	GOL	A	502	-	5,5,5	1.24	0	5,5,5	0.80	0
5	GOL	A	503	-	5,5,5	1.00	0	5,5,5	0.74	0
5	GOL	В	501	-	5,5,5	1.05	0	5,5,5	0.99	1 (20%)
5	GOL	A	504	-	5,5,5	1.71	1 (20%)	5,5,5	0.83	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GOL	A	501	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	502	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	503	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	В	501	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	504	-	-	4/4/4/4	-

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
5	A	504	GOL	O2-C2	-3.35	1.33	1.43

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
5	В	501	GOL	C3-C2-C1	-2.16	103.31	111.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (18) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	503	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	A	503	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	A	504	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	504	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	A	501	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	501	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	A	502	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	502	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	В	501	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	В	501	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	A	501	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	A	502	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	A	504	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	В	501	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	A	504	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	A	501	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	A	502	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	В	501	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

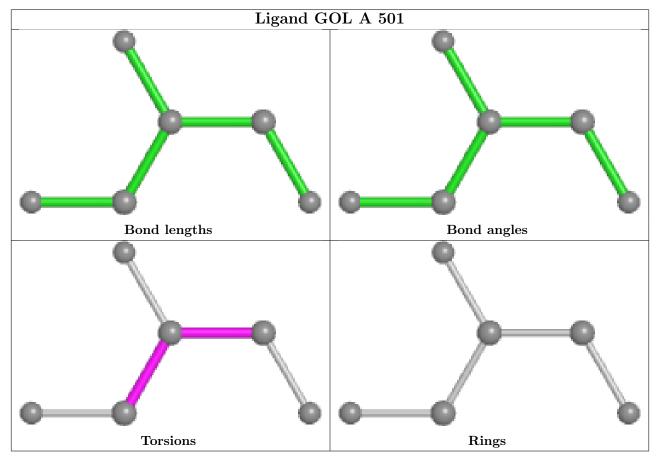
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

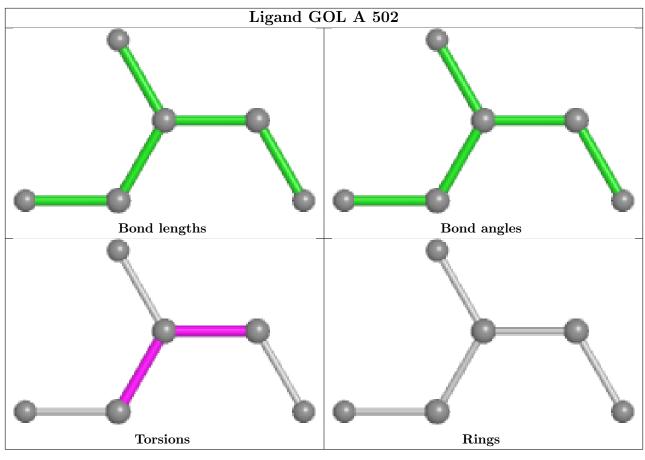


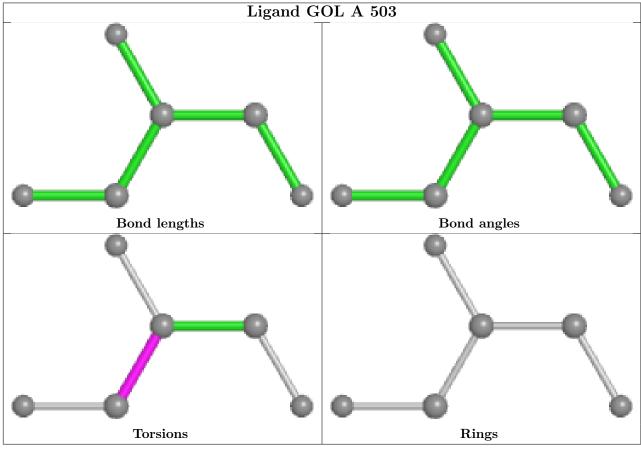
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	501	GOL	3	0
5	A	502	GOL	3	0
5	A	503	GOL	2	0
5	В	501	GOL	3	0
5	A	504	GOL	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

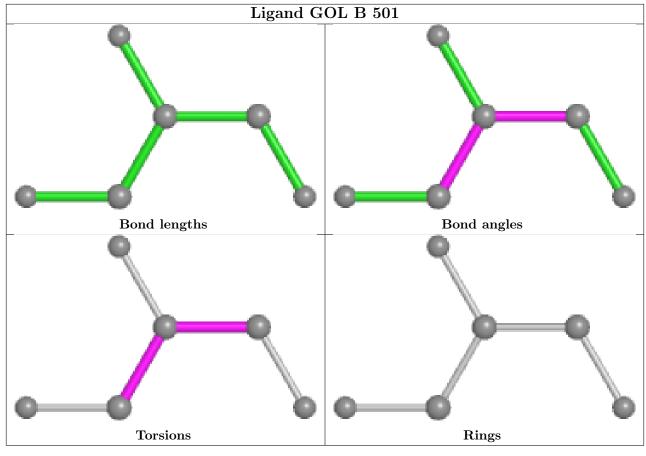


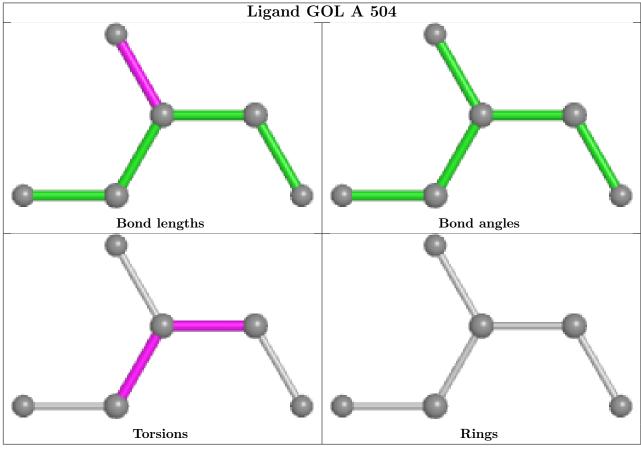














## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	476/477 (99%)	-0.36	5 (1%) 7	77 80	8, 19, 42, 67	0
1	В	476/477 (99%)	-0.19	4 (0%) 8	82 86	11, 23, 44, 71	0
All	All	952/954 (99%)	-0.28	9 (0%) 8	81 83	8, 21, 43, 71	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	103	TYR	3.3
1	В	320	ALA	3.2
1	A	286	VAL	3.0
1	A	287	GLU	2.7
1	A	454	GLY	2.6
1	В	461	VAL	2.4
1	A	461	VAL	2.3
1	A	289	ALA	2.3
1	В	458	ALA	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

SUGAR-RSR INFOmissingINFO

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

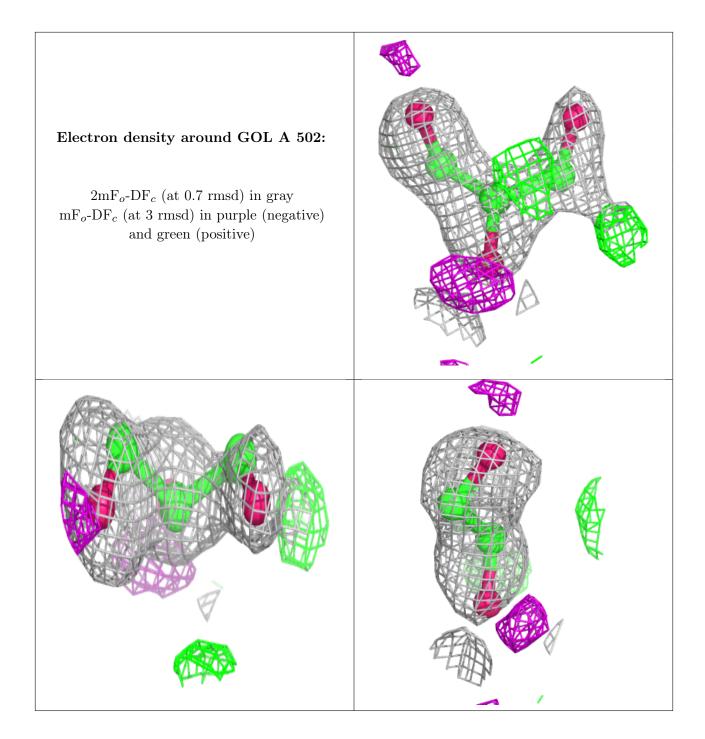


median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

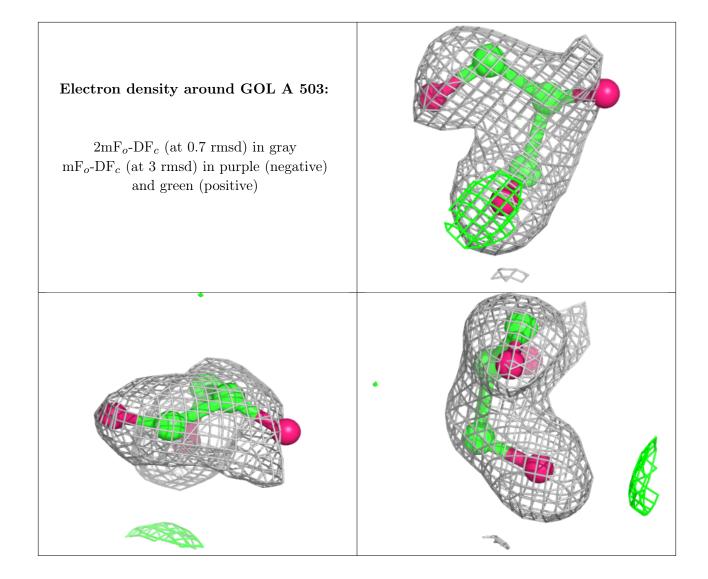
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	GOL	A	502	6/6	0.77	0.15	47,49,52,52	0
5	GOL	A	503	6/6	0.88	0.13	25,43,50,57	0
5	GOL	A	504	6/6	0.89	0.14	17,35,37,44	0
5	GOL	A	501	6/6	0.95	0.10	12,21,33,35	0
5	GOL	В	501	6/6	0.96	0.07	15,28,30,31	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

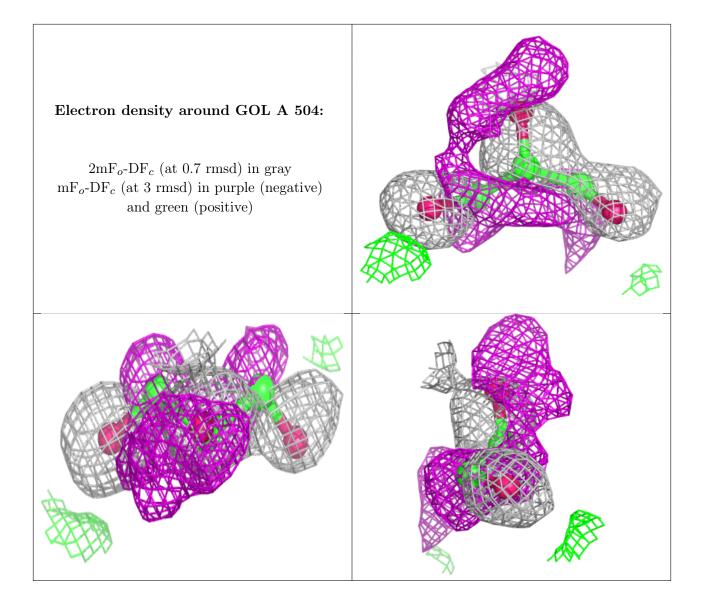








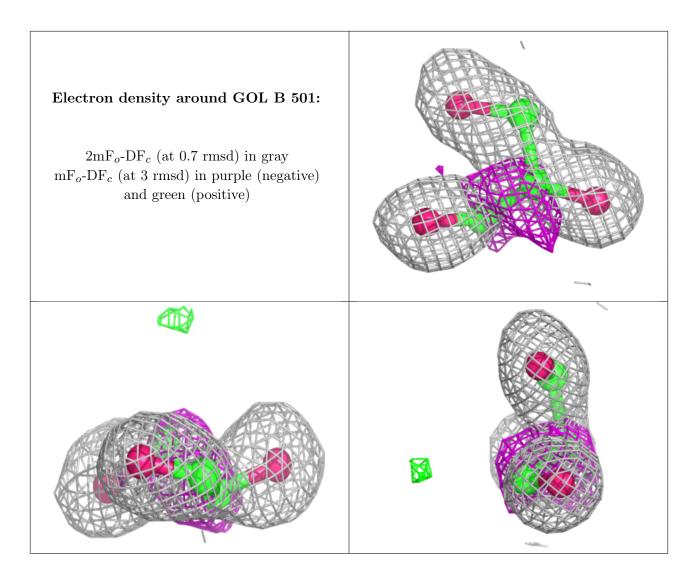






# Electron density around GOL A 501: $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

