

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 26, 2024 – 03:16 AM EDT

PDB ID Title	:	6ZE5 FAD-dependent oxidoreductase from Chaetomium thermophilum in complex with fragment 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-[(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl]ethanam
Authors	:	ine Svecova, L.; Skalova, T.; Kolenko, P.; Koval, T.; Oestergaard, L.H.; Dohnalek, J.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.82 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.37.1
buster-report		
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

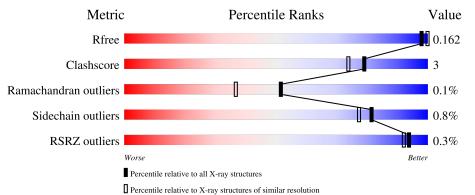


1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.82 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	7484 (1.84-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	8401 (1.84-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	8290 (1.84-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	8290 (1.84-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7371 (1.84-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	f chain
1	А	595	92%	6% ·
1	В	595	91%	7% •
2	С	2	50%	50%
2	D	2	100%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10663 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called FAD-dependent oxidoreductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	585	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	16	0
	Л		4537	2877	791	853	16	0	10	0
1	В	585	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	14	0
	I B	585	4524	2868	789	851	16	0	14	0

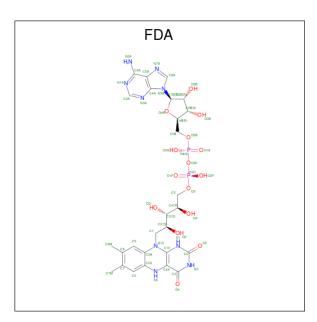
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
2	D	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

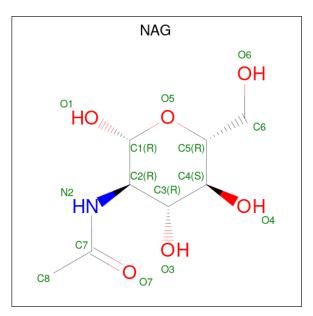
• Molecule 3 is DIHYDROFLAVINE-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FDA) (formula: C₂₇H₃₅N₉O₁₅P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	2 1	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	A	L	53	27	9	15	2	0	
2	P	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
0	D	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

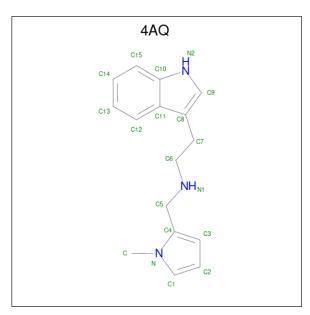
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total C N O	0	0
-		-	14 8 1 5	Ŭ	0
1	А	1	Total C N O	0	0
4	Л	1	14 8 1 5	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O	0	0
4	D	1	14 8 1 5	0	0
4	В	1	Total C N O	0	1
4	D	1	16 9 1 6	0	1
4	В	1	Total C N O	0	0
4	D	1	14 8 1 5	0	U

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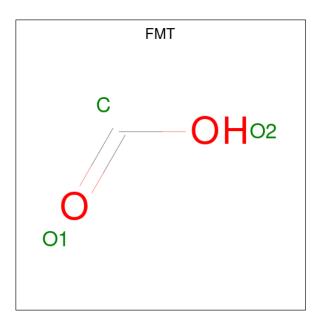
• Molecule 5 is 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)-N-[(1-methyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)methyl]ethanamine (three-letter code: 4AQ) (formula: $C_{16}H_{19}N_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total C N 19 16 3	0	0
5	А	1	Total C N 19 16 3	0	0
5	В	1	Total C N 19 16 3	0	0

• Molecule 6 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH_2O_2).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 3 1 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 3 1 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} \text{C} \text{O} \\ 3 1 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

\mathbf{N}	ſol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	7	А	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

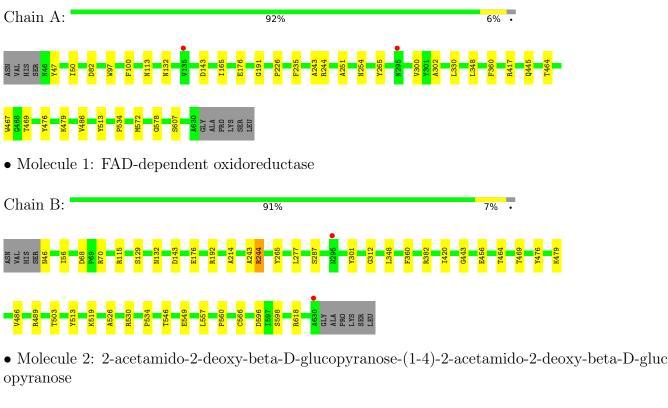
• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	653	Total O 659 659	0	6
8	В	619	Total O 624 624	0	8



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: FAD-dependent oxidoreductase

Chain C: 50% 50%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc opyranose

Chain D:

100%

NAG1 NAG2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Cell constants} \\ \text{a, b, c, } \alpha, \beta, \gamma \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.5 (43.40-1.82) 99.4 (43.40-1.82)	Depositor EDS
R _{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.87 (at 1.82 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.1_3865	Depositor
R, R_{free}	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	5056 reflections $(4.79%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	22.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.478	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 45.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.238 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	10663	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.57% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 4AQ, FMT, MG, NAG, FDA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond lengths		Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.57	0/4699	0.67	0/6412
1	В	0.56	0/4675	0.68	1/6380~(0.0%)
All	All	0.56	0/9374	0.68	1/12792~(0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.15	117.72	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	566	CYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4537	0	4521	24	0
1	В	4524	0	4493	30	0
2	С	28	0	25	1	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	А	53	0	33	5	0
3	В	53	0	33	5	0
4	А	42	0	39	1	0
4	В	44	0	34	0	0
5	А	38	0	0	0	0
5	В	19	0	0	0	0
6	А	6	0	2	0	0
6	В	6	0	2	0	0
7	А	2	0	0	0	0
8	А	659	0	0	3	0
8	В	624	0	0	5	0
All	All	10663	0	9207	52	0

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (52) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:445[A]:GLN:NE2	8:A:801:HOH:O	2.21	0.72
1:B:420:ILE:HD13	1:B:456:GLU:HG2	1.76	0.67
1:A:464:THR:HB	1:A:476:TYR:HB2	1.79	0.64
1:A:132:ASN:HB2	3:A:701:FDA:N5	2.18	0.59
1:B:143:ASP:OD1	1:B:479:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.59
1:B:464:THR:HB	1:B:476:TYR:HB2	1.85	0.59
1:A:132:ASN:HB2	3:A:701:FDA:C4X	2.34	0.58
1:A:226:PRO:HG3	1:A:235:PHE:CD2	2.39	0.58
1:B:489:ARG:HD2	8:B:1198:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:143:ASP:OD1	1:A:479:LYS:NZ	2.37	0.55
1:B:132:ASN:HB2	3:B:701:FDA:C5X	2.36	0.55
1:B:618:ARG:NH1	8:B:801:HOH:O	2.18	0.54
1:A:176:GLU:HB3	1:B:243:ALA:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:113:ASN:HA	4:A:702:NAG:H82	1.92	0.51
1:B:132:ASN:HB2	3:B:701:FDA:C4X	2.41	0.50
1:B:192:ARG:NH1	8:B:809:HOH:O	2.43	0.50
1:B:132:ASN:HB2	3:B:701:FDA:N5	2.26	0.50

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Continued from previou Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
8:A:891:HOH:O	1:B:244:ARG:HD3	2.12	0.49
1:A:132:ASN:HB2	3:A:701:FDA:C5X	2.44	0.48
1:B:277:LEU:HD21	1:B:287:SER:OG	2.13	0.48
1:A:47:TYR:O	1:A:302:ALA:HA	2.14	0.47
1:A:165:ILE:HG23	1:A:191:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.47
1:B:46:ASN:HB3	1:B:301:TYR:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:417[A]:ARG:NH1	8:A:821:HOH:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:243:ALA:O	1:B:176:GLU:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:B:596:ASP:HB2	3:B:701:FDA:O2P	2.16	0.46
1:A:50:ILE:HD13	1:A:300[A]:VAL:HG13	1.97	0.45
1:B:68:ASP:OD2	1:B:70:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
1:A:467:TRP:CE2	1:A:469:THR:HA	2.53	0.44
1:B:382:ARG:NH2	8:B:820:HOH:O	2.50	0.44
1:A:572:MET:O	1:A:578:GLY:HA3	2.18	0.44
1:A:360:PHE:CE2	1:A:534:PRO:HB3	2.53	0.44
1:B:132:ASN:HA	3:B:701:FDA:C6	2.48	0.44
1:B:46:ASN:ND2	8:B:817:HOH:O	2.48	0.43
1:A:348:LEU:HD22	1:A:486[B]:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.43
1:A:97:TRP:HA	1:A:100:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.42
1:A:132:ASN:HA	3:A:701:FDA:C6	2.50	0.42
1:A:607[A]:SER:HB2	3:A:701:FDA:C2	2.50	0.42
1:B:503:THR:OG1	1:B:560:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:251:ALA:HA	1:A:254:ASN:OD1	2.20	0.42
1:B:56:ILE:HG12	1:B:129:SER:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:B:214:ALA:HB1	1:B:526:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:348:LEU:HD22	1:B:486[B]:VAL:CG2	2.50	0.41
1:B:519:LYS:HA	1:B:519:LYS:HD3	1.95	0.41
1:B:546:THR:OG1	1:B:549:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:B:312:GLY:HA2	1:B:598[A]:SER:OG	2.20	0.41
1:B:557:LEU:HA	1:B:557:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.41
1:A:244[B]:ARG:HH21	2:C:1:NAG:HN2	1.69	0.40
1:B:360:PHE:CE2	1:B:534:PRO:HB3	2.56	0.40
1:A:348:LEU:HD22	1:A:486[B]:VAL:CG2	2.52	0.40
1:B:312:GLY:HA2	1:B:598[B]:SER:HB3	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	599/595~(101%)	571 (95%)	28~(5%)	0	100	100
1	В	597/595~(100%)	573~(96%)	23~(4%)	1 (0%)	47	33
All	All	1196/1190~(100%)	1144 (96%)	51 (4%)	1 (0%)	51	37

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	469	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	493/485~(102%)	489~(99%)	4 (1%)	81 77
1	В	489/485~(101%)	485~(99%)	4 (1%)	81 77
All	All	982/970~(101%)	974~(99%)	8 (1%)	81 77

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	82	ASP
1	А	265	TYR
1	А	330	LEU
1	А	513	TYR
1	В	244	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	265	TYR
1	В	513	TYR
1	В	530	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	А	346	GLN	

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	True Chain Des Lin		Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	С	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	1.03	1 (5%)
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	1.98	4 (23%)
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	1.32	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.76	129.69	122.90
2	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.74	118.62	112.19
2	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.73	118.60	112.19
2	С	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.00	115.61	110.49
2	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.60	115.72	112.19
2	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.15	115.10	112.19
2	С	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.04	108.03	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	С	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

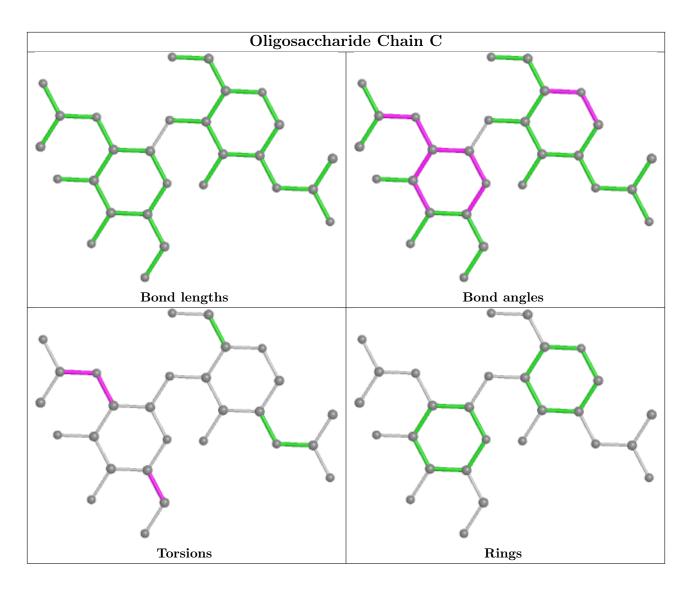
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	1	NAG	1	0

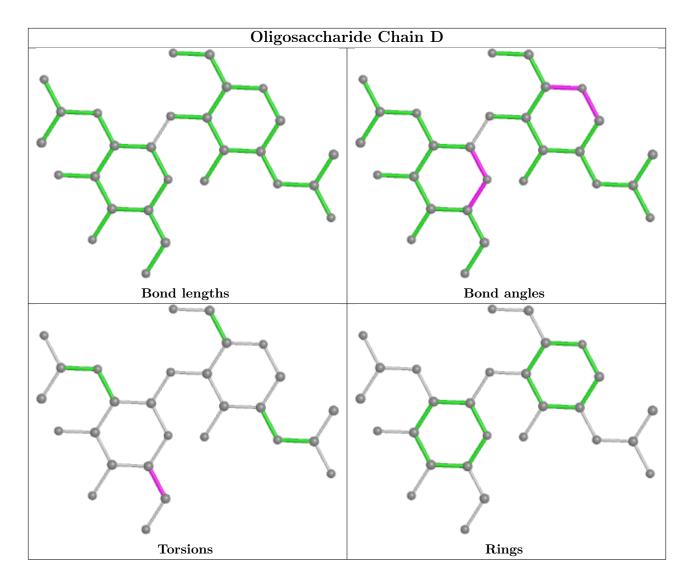
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 18 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 16 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chain Res		Link	Bo	ond leng	$_{\rm ths}$	Bond angles			
	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	В	703[A]	-	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.49	0
3	FDA	В	701	-	$52,\!58,\!58$	0.62	0	60,89,89	0.80	1 (1%)
5	4AQ	А	706	-	19,21,21	0.61	0	19,28,28	0.87	1 (5%)



Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	FMT	В	706	-	2,2,2	0.60	0	$1,\!1,\!1$	0.07	0
4	NAG	В	704	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.67	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.77	0
6	FMT	В	707	-	2,2,2	0.59	0	$1,\!1,\!1$	0.14	0
5	4AQ	А	705	-	$19,\!21,\!21$	0.62	0	19,28,28	0.83	1 (5%)
4	NAG	А	703	1	14,14,15	0.78	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.71	0
4	NAG	В	703[B]	-	14, 14, 15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
4	NAG	В	702	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.71	1 (5%)
3	FDA	А	701	-	52,58,58	0.59	0	60,89,89	0.87	1 (1%)
6	FMT	А	708	-	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.61	0	$1,\!1,\!1$	0.06	0
4	NAG	А	704	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.66	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.59	0
6	FMT	А	707	-	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.60	0	$1,\!1,\!1$	0.38	0
4	NAG	А	702	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
5	4AQ	В	705	-	19,21,21	0.62	0	$19,\!28,\!28$	0.82	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	В	703[A]	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FDA	В	701	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
5	4AQ	А	706	-	-	0/5/7/7	0/3/3/3
4	NAG	В	704	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	4AQ	А	705	-	-	2/5/7/7	0/3/3/3
4	NAG	А	703	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	703[B]	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	В	702	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FDA	А	701	-	-	5/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	NAG	А	704	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	А	702	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	4AQ	В	705	-	-	1/5/7/7	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
4	А	703	NAG	O5-C1	2.57	1.47	1.43
4	А	704	NAG	O5-C1	2.11	1.47	1.43
4	В	704	NAG	C1-C2	2.01	1.55	1.52



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	701	FDA	C5A-C6A-N6A	2.60	124.30	120.35
4	В	702	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.53	115.62	112.19
5	А	706	4AQ	C-N-C4	2.34	127.56	124.44
3	В	701	FDA	C5A-C6A-N6A	2.31	123.87	120.35
5	А	705	4AQ	C14-C15-C10	-2.07	117.10	120.08

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

There are no chirality outliers.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	В	702	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	А	705	4AQ	C4-C5-N1-C6
3	А	701	FDA	P-O3P-PA-O1A
3	А	701	FDA	PA-O3P-P-O5'
3	В	701	FDA	PA-O3P-P-O5'
3	А	701	FDA	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	В	701	FDA	C2'-C1'-N10-C10
3	В	701	FDA	P-O3P-PA-O1A
5	В	705	4AQ	C4-C5-N1-C6
3	А	701	FDA	P-O3P-PA-O2A
3	В	701	FDA	P-O3P-PA-O2A
3	В	701	FDA	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
5	А	705	4AQ	C7-C6-N1-C5
3	А	701	FDA	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B

All (15) torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

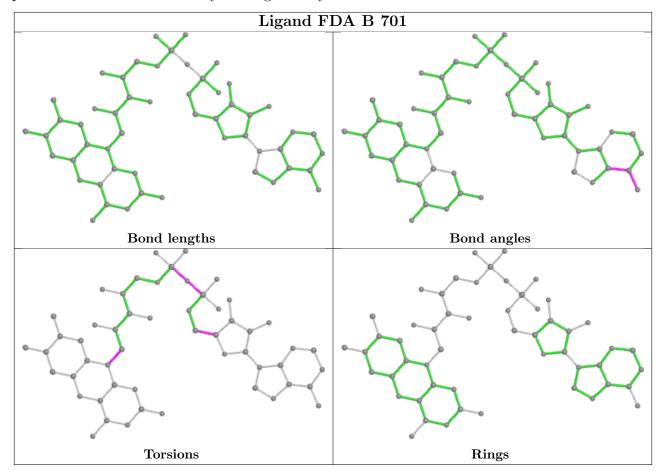
3 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	701	FDA	5	0
3	А	701	FDA	5	0
4	А	702	NAG	1	0

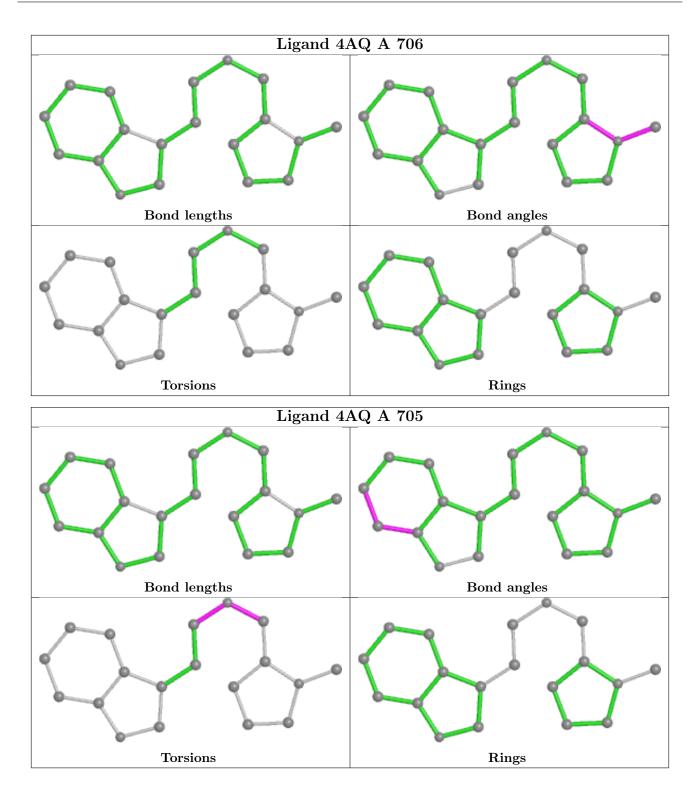
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring



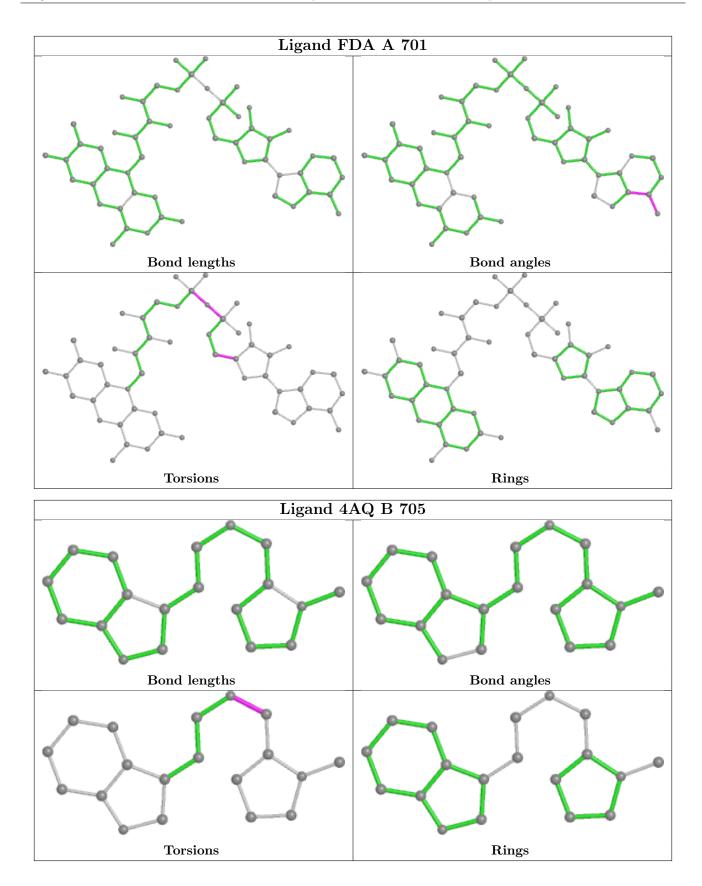
in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.













5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$ $#$ RSRZ $>$ 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	585/595~(98%)	-0.45	2 (0%) 94 92	18, 24, 34, 65	2 (0%)
1	В	585/595~(98%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 94 92	17, 25, 36, 64	0
All	All	1170/1190~(98%)	-0.43	4 (0%) 94 92	17, 24, 36, 65	2 (0%)

All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	295	ASN	3.2
1	В	630	ALA	2.3
1	А	295	ASN	2.2
1	А	135	VAL	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

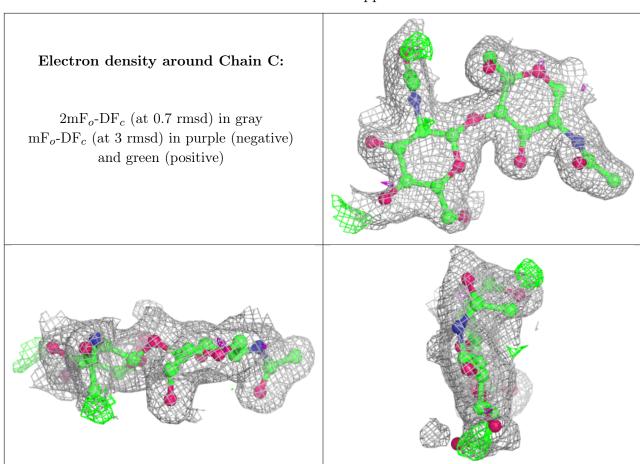
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\operatorname{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.81	0.18	46,53,61,62	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.81	0.21	44,54,61,63	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.93	0.08	21,31,41,44	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.94	0.09	24,32,38,43	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-

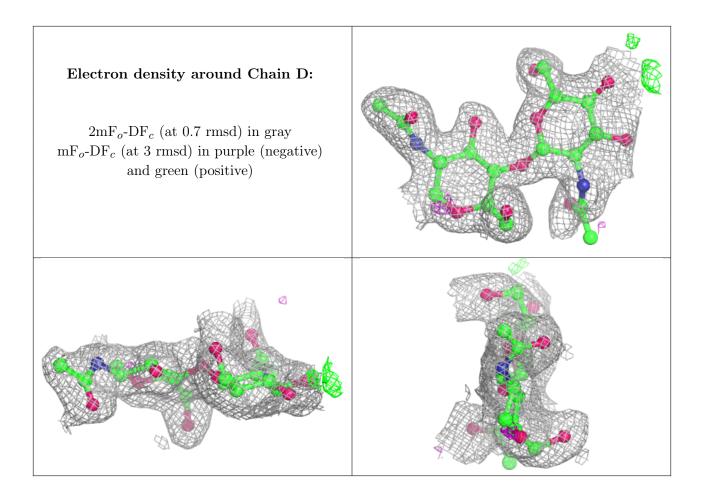






charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	В	702	14/15	0.84	0.27	43,55,60,60	0
5	4AQ	А	705	19/19	0.84	0.19	$28,\!36,\!44,\!44$	0
5	4AQ	А	706	19/19	0.85	0.21	33,46,60,62	0
6	FMT	А	707	3/3	0.88	0.17	32,32,35,35	0
5	4AQ	В	705	19/19	0.89	0.15	$29,\!37,\!46,\!48$	0
4	NAG	А	702	14/15	0.89	0.23	38,53,59,60	0
7	MG	А	709	1/1	0.91	0.18	43,43,43,43	0
6	FMT	В	706	3/3	0.92	0.15	35,35,37,38	0
6	FMT	А	708	3/3	0.93	0.17	36,36,37,38	0
4	NAG	А	704	14/15	0.93	0.12	25,29,39,43	0
4	NAG	В	704	14/15	0.93	0.12	29,32,40,42	0
4	NAG	А	703	14/15	0.95	0.07	20,24,31,33	0
4	NAG	В	703[B]	14/15	0.96	0.08	21,22,24,27	2

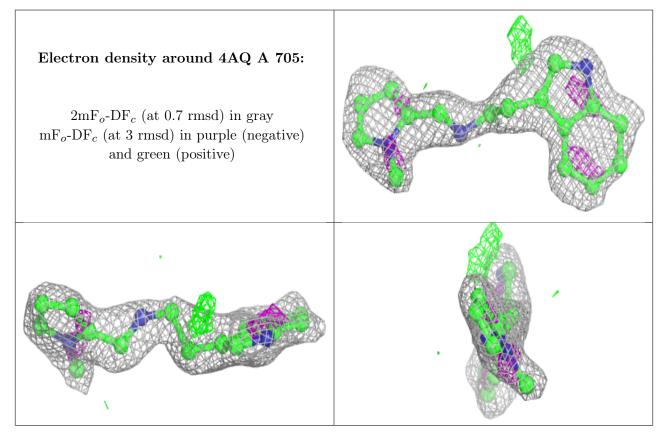
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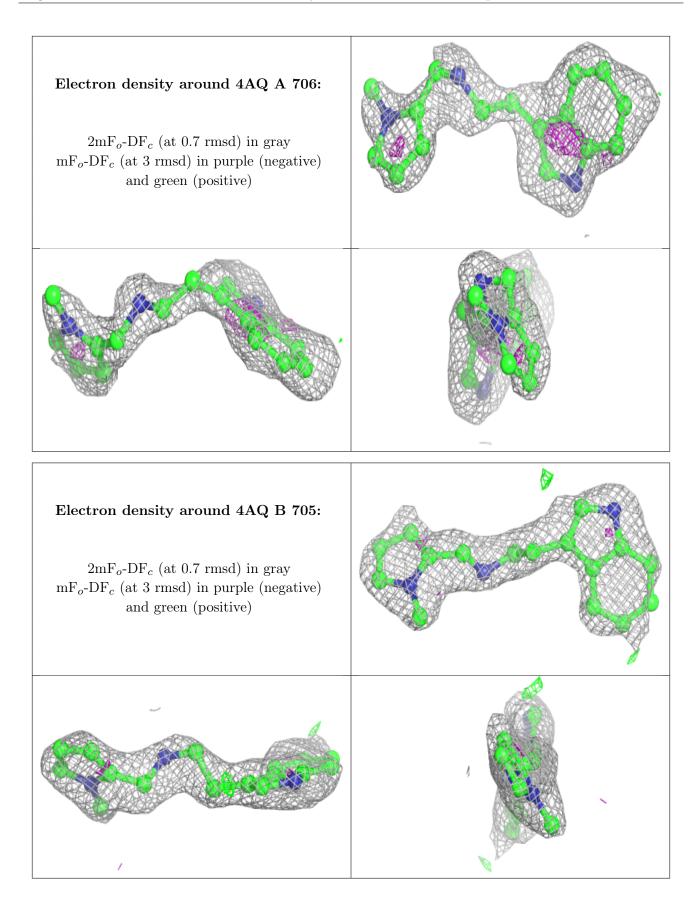
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\operatorname{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	FDA	В	701	53/53	0.96	0.10	$21,\!23,\!27,\!29$	0
4	NAG	В	703[A]	14/15	0.96	0.08	21,22,24,27	2
7	MG	А	710	1/1	0.96	0.04	33,33,33,33	0
3	FDA	А	701	53/53	0.97	0.10	19,23,26,28	0
6	FMT	В	707	3/3	0.97	0.12	34,34,34,39	0

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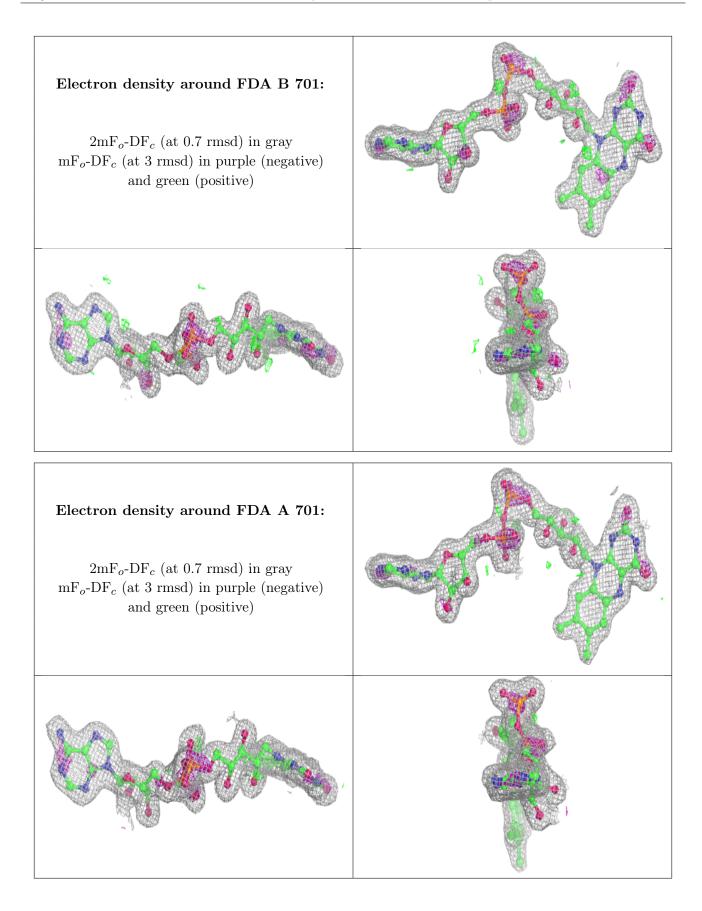
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.













6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

