

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 4, 2024 – 08:18 am GMT

PDB ID : 5FUX

Title : catalytic domain of Thymidine kinase from Trypanosoma brucei with dTMP Authors : Timm, J.; Valente, M.; Castillo-Acosta, V.; Balzarini, T.; Nettleship, J.E.;

Rada, H.; Wilson, K.S.; Gonzalez-Pacanowska, D.

Deposited on : 2016-01-31

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

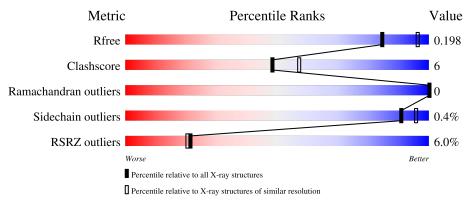
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	182	78%	13%	• 8%
1	В	182	7%	12%	9%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	QBT	A	1388	X	-	=	-
5	QBT	В	1387	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2721 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called THYMDINE KINASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	168	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	Λ	100	1308	814	232	250	12	0	1	U
1	R	165	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Ъ	105	1276	796	227	241	12	0	U	U

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	292	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q38CF2
В	292	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q38CF2

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

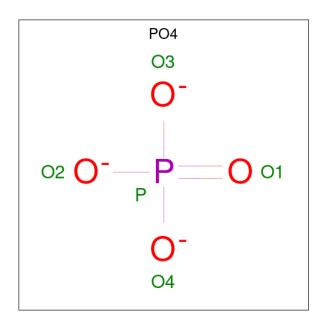
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

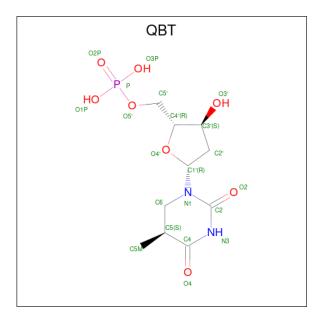
• Molecule 4 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O₄P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is $[(2R,3S,5R)-3-HYDROXY-5-[(5S)-5-METHYL-2,4-DIOXO-1,3-DIAZINAN-1-YL]OXOLAN-2-YL]METHYL DIHYDROGEN PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: QBT) (formula: <math>C_{10}H_{17}N_2O_8P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
5	A	1	21	10	2	8	1	U	0



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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
5	Б	1	21	10	2	8	1	U	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	65	Total O 65 65	0	0
6	В	17	Total O 17 17	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	114.76Å 114.76Å 104.45Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	114.76 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	43.92 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (114.76-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (43.92-2.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.12 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor
D.D.	0.188 , 0.197	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.198	DCC
R_{free} test set	1749 reflections (4.86%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	50.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.381	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 58.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2721	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	63.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.62% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: QBT, MG, ZN, PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.14	3/1332 (0.2%)	1.07	7/1795~(0.4%)	
1	В	1.03	0/1296	1.05	5/1746 (0.3%)	
All	All	1.09	3/2628 (0.1%)	1.06	$12/3541 \ (0.3\%)$	

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	292	ASP	CB-CG	5.97	1.64	1.51
1	A	310	SER	CB-OG	-5.35	1.35	1.42
1	A	274	ASP	CB-CG	5.12	1.62	1.51

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	224	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.55	124.58	120.30
1	A	228	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.98	116.31	120.30
1	A	224	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.58	124.09	120.30
1	A	330	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.52	123.56	120.30
1	В	330	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.90	117.35	120.30
1	В	224	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30
1	В	315	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.58	113.28	118.30
1	A	285	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.53	123.28	118.30
1	A	315	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.49	123.24	118.30
1	A	315	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.26	113.56	118.30
1	В	330	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.10	122.85	120.30
1	A	332	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.09	122.88	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1308	0	1269	18	0
1	В	1276	0	1239	13	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	В	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	21	0	14	1	0
5	В	21	0	14	2	0
6	A	65	0	0	1	0
6	В	17	0	0	1	0
All	All	2721	0	2536	31	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:261:THR:HG22	1:A:262:ALA:N	1.79	0.96
1:A:236:CYS:O	1:A:261:THR:HG21	1.70	0.92
1:A:242:THR:HG23	1:A:266:VAL:C	1.92	0.88
5:B:1387:QBT:O3P	6:B:2006:HOH:O	1.95	0.84
1:A:261:THR:CG2	1:A:262:ALA:N	2.43	0.80
1:B:322:GLU:O	1:B:326:LEU:HD13	1.84	0.77
1:A:236:CYS:O	1:A:261:THR:CG2	2.37	0.73
1:B:343:GLU:OE1	1:B:381:LYS:HE2	1.93	0.68
1:A:263:ASN:ND2	6:A:2022:HOH:O	2.25	0.66
1:A:242:THR:HG23	1:A:266:VAL:CA	2.29	0.61
1:B:379:GLU:OE1	1:B:382:ARG:NH2	2.29	0.61
1:A:261:THR:CG2	1:A:262:ALA:H	2.15	0.60
1:B:286:GLU:OE1	5:B:1387:QBT:P	2.65	0.53
1:A:379:GLU:OE1	1:A:382:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.52
1:B:266:VAL:HG13	1:B:271:ASP:HB2	1.93	0.51
1:B:322:GLU:O	1:B:326:LEU:CD1	2.58	0.49



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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
7100111 1	1100111 2	${f distance}({f A})$	overlap(A)
1:A:375:ARG:NH2	1:B:332:ASP:OD1	2.39	0.48
1:B:266:VAL:CG1	1:B:268:ASN:O	2.61	0.48
1:A:383:ASN:N	1:A:383:ASN:OD1	2.46	0.48
1:A:237:TYR:HB2	1:A:279:TYR:CG	2.50	0.47
1:B:263:ASN:O	1:B:264:VAL:HG22	2.15	0.47
1:A:242:THR:OG1	1:A:243:GLY:N	2.48	0.47
1:B:293:VAL:HG12	1:B:323:GLU:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:B:242:THR:O	1:B:267:SER:HB3	2.18	0.44
1:B:292:ASP:OD1	1:B:292:ASP:N	2.50	0.44
1:A:261:THR:HG22	1:A:262:ALA:H	1.72	0.43
1:A:292:ASP:OD1	1:A:292:ASP:N	2.51	0.42
1:B:262:ALA:O	1:B:263:ASN:ND2	2.53	0.42
1:A:312:LEU:HD11	5:A:1388:QBT:H62C	2.02	0.41
1:A:241:TYR:O	1:A:244:ASP:HB3	2.21	0.41
1:A:383:ASN:O	1:A:384:MET:CB	2.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	$165/182 \ (91\%)$	164 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	161/182 (88%)	156 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	326/364 (90%)	320 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric Outliers	
1	A	142/156 (91%)	141 (99%)	1 (1%)	84 91
1	В	137/156 (88%)	137 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	279/312 (89%)	278 (100%)	1 (0%)	91 96

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	383	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
4	PO4	В	1386	-	4,4,4	1.30	1 (25%)	6,6,6	1.86	1 (16%)	
4	PO4	A	1387	2	4,4,4	2.39	2 (50%)	6,6,6	0.59	0	
5	QBT	В	1387	-	21,22,22	3.05	7 (33%)	29,33,33	2.21	12 (41%)	
5	QBT	A	1388	2	21,22,22	3.53	9 (42%)	29,33,33	2.62	14 (48%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	QBT	В	1387	-	1/1/8/9	2/10/38/38	0/2/2/2
5	QBT	A	1388	2	1/1/8/9	5/10/38/38	0/2/2/2

All (19) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	A	1388	QBT	C6-N1	-13.05	1.30	1.46
5	В	1387	QBT	C6-N1	-10.97	1.32	1.46
5	A	1388	QBT	C6-C5	-4.58	1.37	1.51
5	В	1387	QBT	P-O5'	4.40	1.74	1.60
5	В	1387	QBT	C2-N1	4.03	1.41	1.35
4	A	1387	PO4	P-O3	3.66	1.65	1.54
5	A	1388	QBT	C2-N3	-3.47	1.31	1.38
5	A	1388	QBT	C2-N1	3.39	1.40	1.35
5	В	1387	QBT	C6-C5	-3.31	1.41	1.51
5	В	1387	QBT	C1'-N1	-3.09	1.41	1.45
5	A	1388	QBT	C4-N3	-3.04	1.32	1.37
5	A	1388	QBT	P-O2P	2.82	1.59	1.50
5	A	1388	QBT	P-O5'	2.69	1.68	1.60
5	В	1387	QBT	C4-N3	-2.40	1.33	1.37
4	A	1387	PO4	P-O1	2.34	1.56	1.50
5	В	1387	QBT	C2-N3	-2.32	1.33	1.38
5	A	1388	QBT	O5'-C5'	-2.21	1.36	1.44
4	В	1386	PO4	P-O3	-2.10	1.48	1.54
5	A	1388	QBT	O4'-C1'	2.02	1.46	1.42

All (27) bond angle outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	${f Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
5	A	1388	QBT	C5M-C5-C6	5.31	123.67	112.34



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	1388	QBT	N3-C2-N1	5.21	122.17	116.65
5	A	1388	QBT	C5-C6-N1	5.04	121.04	111.11
5	В	1387	QBT	C5M-C5-C6	4.73	122.44	112.34
5	A	1388	QBT	C4-N3-C2	-4.71	121.10	126.86
5	В	1387	QBT	C5-C6-N1	4.20	119.39	111.11
5	В	1387	QBT	O3P-P-O5'	-3.91	96.32	106.73
5	A	1388	QBT	C2'-C1'-N1	-3.85	110.90	115.61
5	В	1387	QBT	C4-N3-C2	-3.66	122.39	126.86
5	В	1387	QBT	O5'-P-O2P	3.35	115.88	106.47
5	В	1387	QBT	N3-C2-N1	3.22	120.06	116.65
4	В	1386	PO4	O3-P-O2	3.05	117.77	107.97
5	A	1388	QBT	P-O5'-C5'	3.00	126.55	118.30
5	В	1387	QBT	O4'-C1'-C2'	2.99	111.90	106.25
5	A	1388	QBT	O3P-P-O5'	-2.96	98.86	106.73
5	A	1388	QBT	O4'-C4'-C5'	2.88	118.86	109.37
5	A	1388	QBT	O2-C2-N1	-2.68	119.75	123.11
5	В	1387	QBT	O2-C2-N1	-2.55	119.90	123.11
5	A	1388	QBT	C2'-C3'-C4'	2.55	108.07	102.76
5	A	1388	QBT	O4'-C1'-N1	2.52	111.62	108.41
5	A	1388	QBT	O5'-P-O2P	-2.51	99.45	106.47
5	A	1388	QBT	O3P-P-O2P	2.42	120.15	110.68
5	A	1388	QBT	C6-C5-C4	2.32	118.18	111.53
5	В	1387	QBT	C6-C5-C4	2.19	117.81	111.53
5	В	1387	QBT	O5'-C5'-C4'	2.08	116.16	108.99
5	В	1387	QBT	O1P-P-O5'	2.08	112.25	106.73
5	В	1387	QBT	C2'-C1'-N1	-2.03	113.12	115.61

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	A	1388	QBT	C5
5	В	1387	QBT	C5

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1388	QBT	C5'-O5'-P-O1P
5	A	1388	QBT	C5'-O5'-P-O3P
5	В	1387	QBT	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	В	1387	QBT	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	A	1388	QBT	C5'-O5'-P-O2P
5	A	1388	QBT	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'



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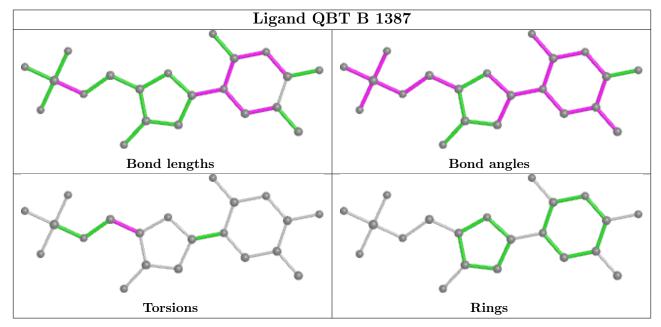
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1388	QBT	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

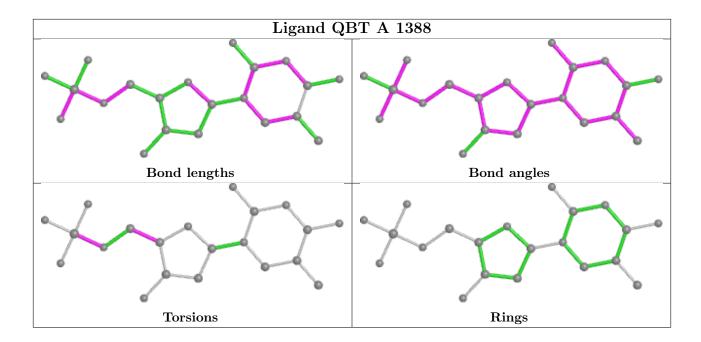
2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	1387	QBT	2	0
5	A	1388	QBT	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$168/182\ (92\%)$	0.05	8 (4%) 30 29	36, 48, 95, 127	1 (0%)
1	В	165/182~(90%)	0.23	12 (7%) 15 14	43, 68, 100, 126	0
All	All	333/364 (91%)	0.14	20 (6%) 21 20	36, 59, 100, 127	1 (0%)

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	245	THR	7.7
1	В	272	VAL	5.8
1	A	203	ALA	3.7
1	A	261	THR	3.6
1	В	261	THR	3.5
1	A	243	GLY	3.5
1	В	270	HIS	3.3
1	В	335	VAL	3.0
1	В	279	TYR	3.0
1	В	384	MET	3.0
1	В	262	ALA	3.0
1	A	244	ASP	3.0
1	В	274	ASP	2.8
1	A	357	LYS	2.7
1	В	276	TRP	2.4
1	A	359	ASP	2.4
1	A	334	VAL	2.4
1	В	275	GLU	2.4
1	В	237	TYR	2.4
1	В	337	LEU	2.2



6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

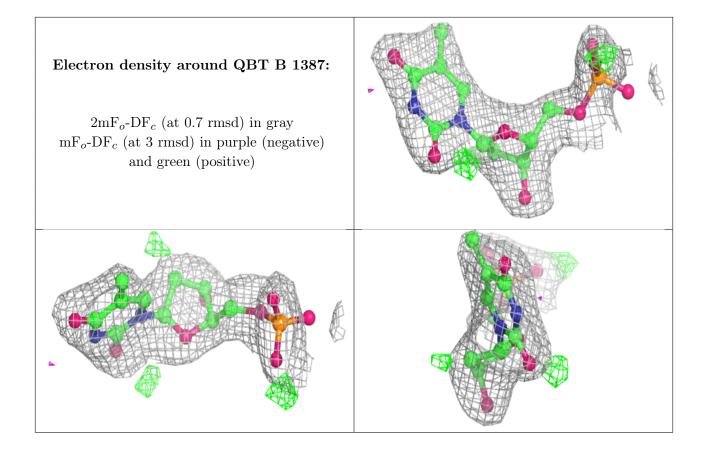
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

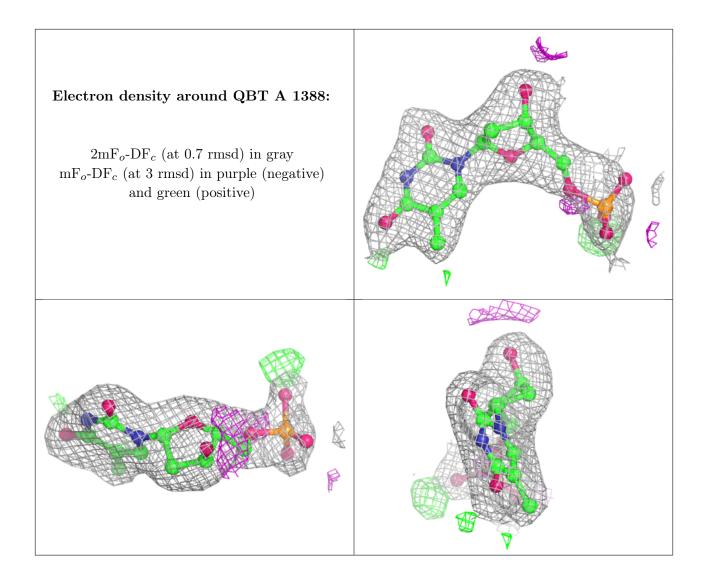
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	MG	A	1385	1/1	0.93	0.10	65,65,65,65	0
5	QBT	В	1387	21/21	0.94	0.11	40,59,78,82	4
5	QBT	A	1388	21/21	0.95	0.10	31,48,58,68	4
4	PO4	В	1386	5/5	0.97	0.12	63,65,82,99	0
4	PO4	A	1387	5/5	0.98	0.11	45,49,51,59	0
3	ZN	A	1386	1/1	0.99	0.10	52,52,52,52	0
3	ZN	В	1385	1/1	0.99	0.09	64,64,64,64	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

