



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report i

May 20, 2024 – 04:13 pm BST

PDB ID : 4ZIN
Title : Genetically encoded Phenyl Azide Photochemistry Drive Positive and Negative Functional Modulation of a Red Fluorescent Protein
Authors : Reddington, S.C.; Driezis, S.; Hartley, A.M.; Watson, P.D.; Rizkallah, P.J.; Jones, D.D.
Deposited on : 2015-04-28
Resolution : 1.67 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) i) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36.2
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

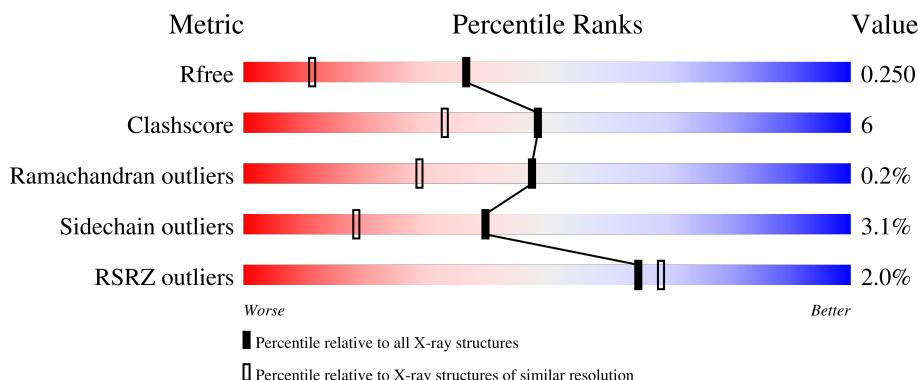
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

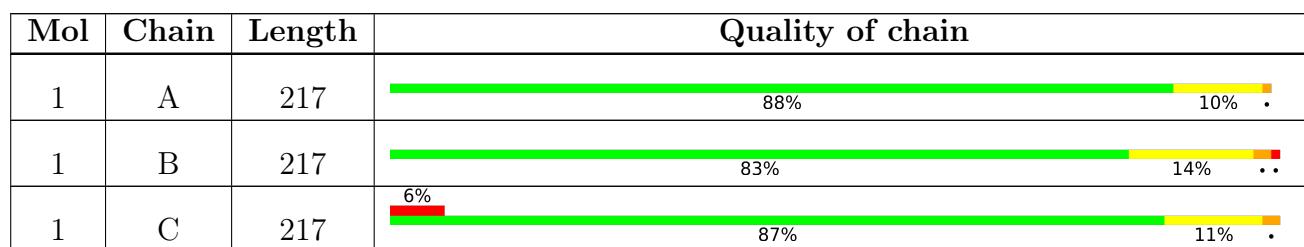
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.67 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6661 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
1	CH6	B	66	-	-	X	-
2	SO4	B	302	-	-	-	X
3	EDO	C	303	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5669 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

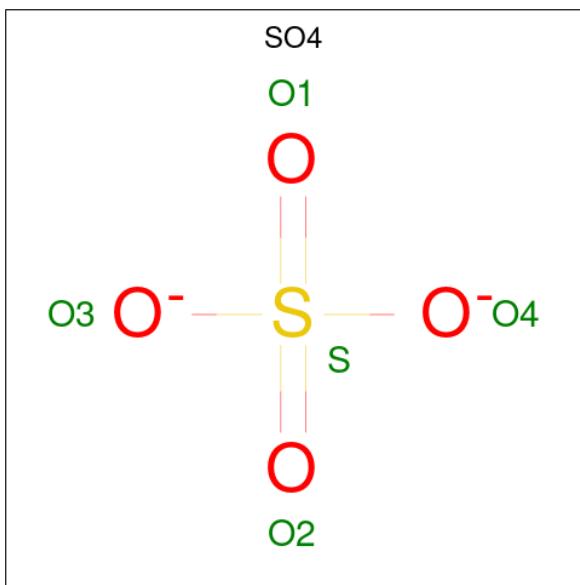
- Molecule 1 is a protein called MCherry fluorescent protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	217	Total	C 1745	N 1110	O 296	S 332	7	0	0
1	B	217	Total	C 1745	N 1110	O 296	S 332	7	0	0
1	C	217	Total	C 1745	N 1110	O 296	S 332	7	0	0

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

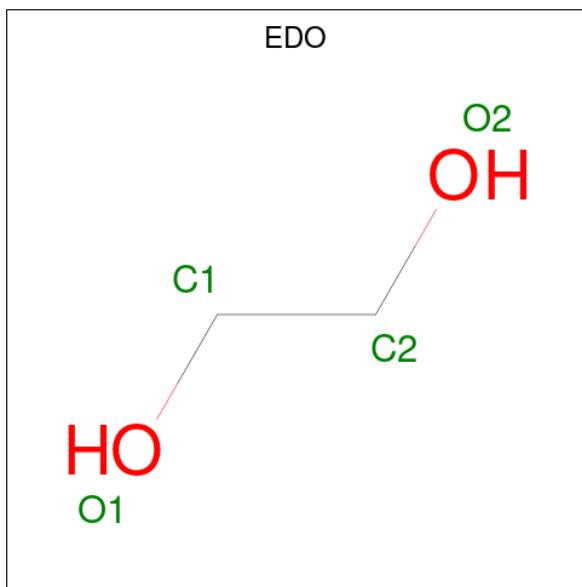
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	66	CH6	MET	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
A	66	CH6	TYR	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
A	66	CH6	GLY	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
A	143	4II	TRP	conflict	UNP X5DSL3
B	66	CH6	MET	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
B	66	CH6	TYR	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
B	66	CH6	GLY	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
B	143	4II	TRP	conflict	UNP X5DSL3
C	66	CH6	MET	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
C	66	CH6	TYR	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
C	66	CH6	GLY	chromophore	UNP X5DSL3
C	143	4II	TRP	conflict	UNP X5DSL3

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	C	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
2	C	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

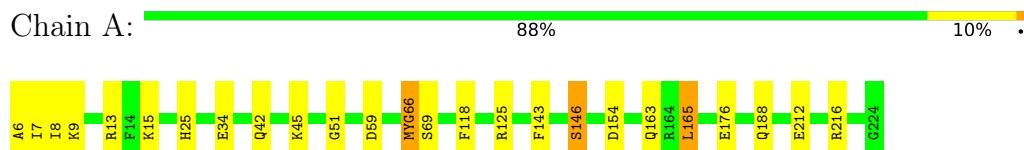
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	172	Total O 172 172	0	0
4	B	131	Total O 131 131	0	0
4	C	97	Total O 97 97	0	0

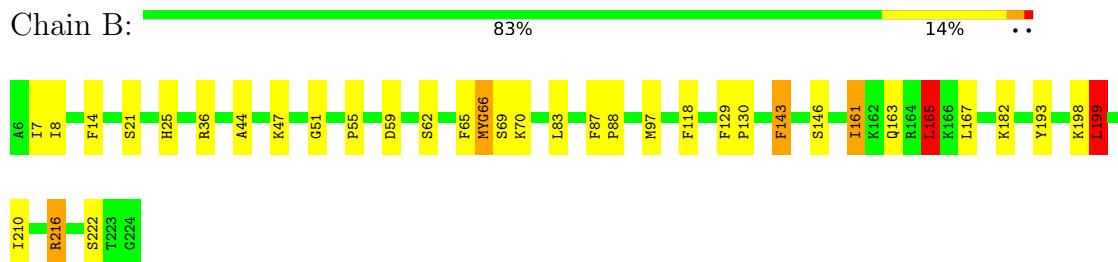
3 Residue-property plots [\(i\)](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

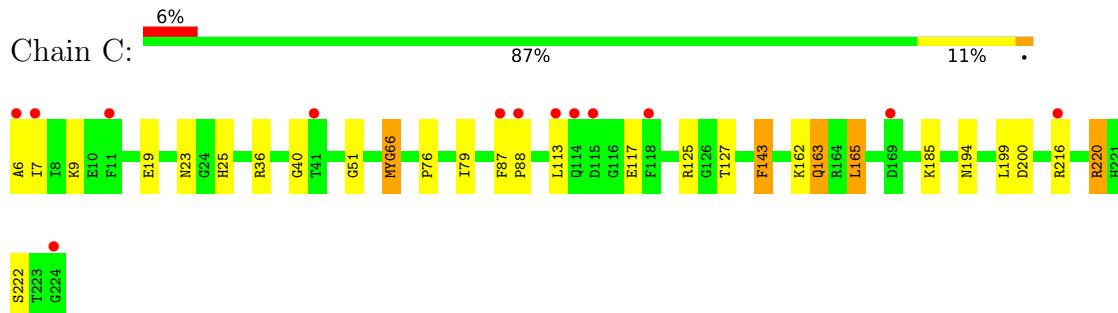
- Molecule 1: MCherry fluorescent protein



- Molecule 1: MCherry fluorescent protein



- Molecule 1: MCherry fluorescent protein



4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	43.28 Å 103.43 Å 150.72 Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	51.71 – 1.67 51.72 – 1.67	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (51.71-1.67) 99.9 (51.72-1.67)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ ¹	2.21 (at 1.67 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0073	Depositor
R , R_{free}	0.206 , 0.248 0.212 , 0.250	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3874 reflections (4.87%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.327	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 38.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.46$, $< L^2 > = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5669	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.10% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [\(i\)](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [\(i\)](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: EDO, CH6, SO4, 4II

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.02	1/1747 (0.1%)	1.03	2/2348 (0.1%)
1	B	0.99	0/1747	1.04	5/2348 (0.2%)
1	C	0.85	0/1747	0.93	2/2348 (0.1%)
All	All	0.96	1/5241 (0.0%)	1.00	9/7044 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	176	GLU	CD-OE1	5.58	1.31	1.25

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	125	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.16	115.22	120.30
1	B	161	ILE	CB-CA-C	-6.30	98.99	111.60
1	B	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.08	117.26	120.30
1	B	199	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.06	129.25	115.30
1	C	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.93	117.33	120.30
1	B	165	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.66	120.63	111.00
1	A	125	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.54	100.16	111.80
1	C	125	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.30	117.65	120.30
1	B	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.23	122.92	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1745	0	1686	13	0
1	B	1745	0	1686	32	0
1	C	1745	0	1686	18	0
2	A	10	0	0	0	0
2	B	10	0	0	0	0
2	C	10	0	0	1	0
3	C	4	0	6	4	0
4	A	172	0	0	2	0
4	B	131	0	0	3	0
4	C	97	0	0	2	0
All	All	5669	0	5064	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:66:CH6:HA1	1:B:69:SER:OG	1.73	0.88
1:B:66:CH6:CE2	1:B:163:GLN:HE22	1.86	0.87
1:A:66:CH6:CE2	1:A:163:GLN:HE22	1.88	0.86
1:C:66:CH6:OH	4:C:401:HOH:O	2.02	0.78
1:A:13:ARG:NH1	1:A:34:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.73
1:B:66:CH6:CA1	1:B:69:SER:OG	2.38	0.71
1:A:25:HIS:HE1	1:A:51:GLY:O	1.83	0.62
1:C:163:GLN:HE21	1:C:163:GLN:HA	1.66	0.61
1:C:143:4II:CD1	1:C:165:LEU:HD13	2.31	0.60
1:C:143:4II:CE1	1:C:165:LEU:HD13	2.32	0.59
1:A:6:ALA:O	1:A:9:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.58
1:B:59:ASP:HB3	1:B:165:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.58
1:B:25:HIS:HE1	1:B:51:GLY:O	1.87	0.57
1:B:66:CH6:HA1	1:B:69:SER:HG	1.69	0.56
1:B:193:TYR:HA	1:B:222:SER:OG	2.06	0.56
1:B:143:4II:CD1	1:B:165:LEU:HD13	2.37	0.55
1:C:6:ALA:O	1:C:9:LYS:NZ	2.31	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:66:CH6:CE2	1:B:163:GLN:NE2	2.65	0.54
1:A:6:ALA:N	4:A:407:HOH:O	2.41	0.54
1:B:198:LYS:HD3	1:B:216:ARG:NH2	2.24	0.53
1:B:66:CH6:N1	1:B:69:SER:OG	2.43	0.52
1:B:143:4II:CE1	1:B:165:LEU:HD13	2.40	0.52
1:B:97:MET:CE	1:B:143:4II:N3	2.73	0.52
1:B:47:LYS:HG2	1:B:210:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:C:127:THR:CB	3:C:303:EDO:H11	2.40	0.51
1:C:87:PHE:HB3	1:C:88:PRO:HA	1.92	0.50
1:A:8:ILE:HD12	1:A:118:PHE:CZ	2.47	0.50
1:C:194:ASN:ND2	1:C:222:SER:OG	2.44	0.49
1:C:23:ASN:HA	3:C:303:EDO:H12	1.95	0.49
1:B:69:SER:N	4:B:405:HOH:O	2.46	0.49
1:C:79:ILE:HG12	2:C:301:SO4:O4	2.13	0.48
1:A:146:SER:OG	1:A:163:GLN:OE1	2.28	0.48
1:B:62:SER:HB2	1:B:199:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.48
1:C:127:THR:HB	3:C:303:EDO:H11	1.95	0.48
1:A:42:GLN:HE22	1:A:69:SER:HB3	1.80	0.47
1:B:8:ILE:HD12	1:B:118:PHE:CZ	2.50	0.47
1:B:182:LYS:HE2	4:B:460:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:66:CH6:CD2	1:B:163:GLN:HE22	2.25	0.46
1:A:45:LYS:HG2	1:A:212:GLU:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:C:25:HIS:HE1	1:C:51:GLY:O	1.97	0.46
1:C:220:ARG:NE	4:C:404:HOH:O	2.50	0.45
1:C:76:PRO:HD2	1:C:79:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:B:97:MET:HE1	1:B:143:4II:N3	2.33	0.44
1:B:87:PHE:HB3	1:B:88:PRO:HA	1.99	0.44
1:B:182:LYS:CE	4:B:460:HOH:O	2.66	0.43
1:B:70:LYS:HB3	1:B:83:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.43
1:C:40:GLY:O	1:C:216:ARG:HA	2.19	0.42
1:C:199:LEU:HD23	1:C:200:ASP:N	2.33	0.42
1:B:66:CH6:N1	1:B:66:CH6:C3	2.82	0.42
1:B:14:PHE:HZ	1:B:44:ALA:HB2	1.84	0.42
1:C:113:LEU:HD12	1:C:117:GLU:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:59:ASP:HB3	1:A:165:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42
1:B:83:LEU:HD23	1:B:83:LEU:HA	1.79	0.41
1:A:15:LYS:HE2	1:B:167:LEU:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:65:PHE:O	1:B:66:CH6:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:188:GLN:NE2	4:A:403:HOH:O	2.34	0.41
1:B:21:SER:HA	1:B:25:HIS:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:143:4II:N3	1:B:163:GLN:HG3	2.35	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:25:HIS:CE1	1:A:51:GLY:O	2.69	0.41
1:B:66:CH6:CA1	1:B:69:SER:HG	2.30	0.41
1:B:129:PHE:HA	1:B:130:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.41
1:C:127:THR:HG22	3:C:303:EDO:H11	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	211/217 (97%)	209 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 100
1	B	211/217 (97%)	206 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	29 12
1	C	211/217 (97%)	208 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 100
All	All	633/651 (97%)	623 (98%)	9 (1%)	1 (0%)	47 29

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	55	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	182/182 (100%)	177 (97%)	5 (3%)	44 24
1	B	182/182 (100%)	177 (97%)	5 (3%)	44 24
1	C	182/182 (100%)	175 (96%)	7 (4%)	33 12
All	All	546/546 (100%)	529 (97%)	17 (3%)	40 18

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	ILE
1	A	146	SER
1	A	154	ASP
1	A	165	LEU
1	A	216	ARG
1	B	7	ILE
1	B	146	SER
1	B	161	ILE
1	B	165	LEU
1	B	199	LEU
1	C	7	ILE
1	C	19	GLU
1	C	162	LYS
1	C	163	GLN
1	C	165	LEU
1	C	185	LYS
1	C	220	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	HIS
1	A	114	GLN
1	A	128	ASN
1	B	25	HIS
1	B	42	GLN
1	B	163	GLN
1	B	188	GLN
1	C	25	HIS
1	C	163	GLN
1	C	188	GLN
1	C	194	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CH6	A	66	1	24,24,25	3.63	5 (20%)	28,32,34	4.64	13 (46%)
1	4II	B	143	1	12,14,15	0.73	0	13,17,19	1.91	2 (15%)
1	CH6	B	66	1	24,24,25	3.83	6 (25%)	28,32,34	5.52	7 (25%)
1	4II	C	143	1	12,14,15	0.87	0	13,17,19	2.11	3 (23%)
1	CH6	C	66	1	24,24,25	3.86	5 (20%)	28,32,34	4.80	8 (28%)
1	4II	A	143	1	12,14,15	1.02	0	13,17,19	1.36	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CH6	A	66	1	-	5/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	4II	B	143	1	-	4/8/9/11	0/1/1/1
1	CH6	B	66	1	-	3/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	4II	C	143	1	-	1/8/9/11	0/1/1/1
1	CH6	C	66	1	-	3/12/31/32	0/2/2/2
1	4II	A	143	1	-	1/8/9/11	0/1/1/1

All (16) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	66	CH6	CB2-CA2	17.02	1.49	1.35

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	66	CH6	CB2-CA2	16.41	1.48	1.35
1	A	66	CH6	CB2-CA2	15.70	1.48	1.35
1	A	66	CH6	C1-N2	5.65	1.40	1.32
1	B	66	CH6	C1-N2	5.61	1.40	1.32
1	C	66	CH6	C1-N2	5.42	1.40	1.32
1	A	66	CH6	C2-N3	-3.82	1.30	1.39
1	B	66	CH6	CA2-C2	-3.57	1.45	1.48
1	C	66	CH6	C2-N3	-3.52	1.31	1.39
1	C	66	CH6	CA2-C2	-3.36	1.45	1.48
1	B	66	CH6	C2-N3	-2.77	1.33	1.39
1	B	66	CH6	O2-C2	2.63	1.28	1.23
1	B	66	CH6	C1-N3	2.51	1.41	1.37
1	A	66	CH6	CA2-C2	-2.36	1.46	1.48
1	C	66	CH6	O2-C2	2.32	1.28	1.23
1	A	66	CH6	O2-C2	2.31	1.28	1.23

All (34) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	66	CH6	CA2-C2-N3	18.55	112.14	103.37
1	C	66	CH6	CA2-C2-N3	18.14	111.95	103.37
1	B	66	CH6	O2-C2-CA2	-17.56	121.10	130.96
1	A	66	CH6	CA2-C2-N3	16.72	111.28	103.37
1	C	66	CH6	O2-C2-CA2	-13.45	123.41	130.96
1	A	66	CH6	O2-C2-CA2	-11.71	124.39	130.96
1	B	66	CH6	CA3-N3-C1	8.61	137.49	127.16
1	B	66	CH6	C2-N3-C1	-8.15	103.84	107.97
1	A	66	CH6	CA3-N3-C1	7.59	136.27	127.16
1	A	66	CH6	C2-N3-C1	-7.13	104.36	107.97
1	C	66	CH6	C2-N3-C1	-6.87	104.49	107.97
1	C	143	4II	CB-CA-C	-6.24	99.78	111.47
1	C	66	CH6	CA3-N3-C1	5.86	134.19	127.16
1	B	143	4II	CZ-N1-N2	-4.98	106.14	116.02
1	C	66	CH6	C2-CA2-N2	-4.91	105.49	108.93
1	B	66	CH6	C2-CA2-N2	-4.43	105.83	108.93
1	A	66	CH6	CD1-CE1-CZ	3.87	124.12	119.88
1	B	143	4II	CB-CA-C	-3.86	104.23	111.47
1	A	66	CH6	CB2-CA2-N2	3.43	133.58	128.83
1	A	143	4II	CB-CA-C	-3.22	105.43	111.47
1	A	66	CH6	C2-CA2-N2	-2.83	106.95	108.93
1	A	66	CH6	O3-C3-CA3	-2.73	118.13	126.39
1	C	66	CH6	O3-C3-CA3	-2.68	118.31	126.39

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	66	CH6	N3-C1-N2	2.49	113.18	111.45
1	C	143	4II	CE1-CD1-CG	-2.41	117.70	121.03
1	C	143	4II	CD1-CG-CD2	2.40	121.94	118.17
1	B	66	CH6	O3-C3-CA3	-2.40	119.14	126.39
1	B	66	CH6	CA3-N3-C2	-2.36	118.38	123.80
1	A	66	CH6	CB2-CA2-C2	-2.35	119.47	122.28
1	A	66	CH6	CE1-CZ-CE2	-2.30	115.89	119.77
1	C	66	CH6	CB2-CA2-N2	2.27	131.98	128.83
1	A	66	CH6	CA2-N2-C1	-2.17	104.18	105.77
1	C	66	CH6	CG2-CB2-CA2	-2.11	127.36	129.94
1	A	66	CH6	CA3-N3-C2	-2.06	119.07	123.80

There are no chirality outliers.

All (17) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	66	CH6	N1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	A	66	CH6	C1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	A	66	CH6	C3-CA3-N3-C1
1	A	66	CH6	C3-CA3-N3-C2
1	B	66	CH6	C3-CA3-N3-C1
1	B	66	CH6	C3-CA3-N3-C2
1	C	66	CH6	N1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	C	66	CH6	C1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	A	143	4II	CZ-N1-N2-N3
1	B	143	4II	CZ-N1-N2-N3
1	A	66	CH6	CA1-CB1-CG1-SD
1	B	143	4II	CE2-CZ-N1-N2
1	C	143	4II	CZ-N1-N2-N3
1	C	66	CH6	C2-CA2-CB2-CG2
1	B	143	4II	CE1-CZ-N1-N2
1	B	66	CH6	C1-CA1-CB1-CG1
1	B	143	4II	C-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 19 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	66	CH6	1	0
1	B	143	4II	5	0
1	B	66	CH6	10	0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	143	4II	2	0
1	C	66	CH6	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SO4	B	302	-	4,4,4	0.45	0	6,6,6	0.51	0
2	SO4	A	301	-	4,4,4	0.35	0	6,6,6	0.74	0
2	SO4	A	302	-	4,4,4	0.52	0	6,6,6	0.93	0
2	SO4	B	301	-	4,4,4	0.42	0	6,6,6	0.35	0
2	SO4	C	301	-	4,4,4	0.51	0	6,6,6	0.58	0
2	SO4	C	302	-	4,4,4	0.42	0	6,6,6	0.35	0
3	EDO	C	303	-	3,3,3	0.56	0	2,2,2	0.57	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	EDO	C	303	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	303	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	301	SO4	1	0
3	C	303	EDO	4	0

5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data i

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains i

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	215/217 (99%)	0.05	0	100	100	0
1	B	215/217 (99%)	0.22	0	100	100	0
1	C	215/217 (99%)	0.43	13 (6%)	21	22	0
All	All	645/651 (99%)	0.23	13 (2%)	65	69	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	6	ALA	3.2
1	C	114	GLN	2.8
1	C	115	ASP	2.8
1	C	88	PRO	2.7
1	C	7	ILE	2.6
1	C	113	LEU	2.6
1	C	41	THR	2.5
1	C	169	ASP	2.4
1	C	87	PHE	2.3
1	C	224	GLY	2.3
1	C	118	PHE	2.2
1	C	216	ARG	2.2
1	C	11	PHE	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	CH6	A	66	23/24	0.80	0.19	33,40,45,45	0
1	CH6	B	66	23/24	0.80	0.31	44,57,61,63	0
1	4II	C	143	14/15	0.85	0.19	25,30,47,59	0
1	4II	A	143	14/15	0.86	0.17	24,27,48,49	0
1	CH6	C	66	23/24	0.86	0.28	41,44,49,50	0
1	4II	B	143	14/15	0.90	0.13	26,31,56,57	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	B	302	5/5	0.76	0.41	61,65,71,74	0
2	SO4	A	302	5/5	0.82	0.29	36,51,61,64	0
2	SO4	C	302	5/5	0.86	0.31	61,64,67,72	0
2	SO4	C	301	5/5	0.89	0.35	45,56,68,70	0
2	SO4	A	301	5/5	0.90	0.32	40,53,57,63	0
2	SO4	B	301	5/5	0.91	0.28	59,65,73,73	0
3	EDO	C	303	4/4	0.94	0.14	24,28,31,42	0

6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.