

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Apr 30, 2024 – 10:42 pm BST

PDB ID : 4XHY

Title: NADH:FMN oxidoreductase from Paracoccus denitrificans

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Deposited on : 2015-01-06

Resolution : 1.53 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

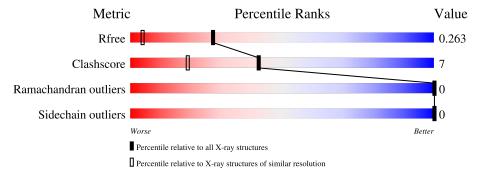
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.53 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2556 (1.56-1.52)
Clashscore	141614	2634 (1.56-1.52)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2580 (1.56-1.52)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2577 (1.56-1.52)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	188	77%	7%		14%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1493 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Flavin reductase domain protein, FMN-binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	161	Total 1236	C 790	N 225	O 217	S 4	0	7	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	182	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	183	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
Α	184	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	185	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	186	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	187	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	188	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2
A	189	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A1B5I2

• Molecule 2 is water.

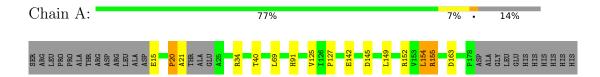
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	257	Total O 257 257	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Flavin reductase domain protein, FMN-binding protein





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	43.91Å 43.91Å 154.66Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	51.55 - 1.53	Depositor
resolution (A)	19.10 - 1.53	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (51.55-1.53)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (19.10-1.53)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	9.96 (at 1.53Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
Ρ. Р.	0.158 , 0.205	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.263	DCC
R_{free} test set	1393 reflections (5.15%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	19.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.223	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 33.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.037 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1493	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.23% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.98	0/1286	1.08	10/1754~(0.6%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	145	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.59	111.47	118.30
1	A	34	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.36	123.98	120.30
1	A	34	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.35	116.62	120.30
1	A	155	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.47	117.07	120.30
1	A	154[A]	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-6.20	100.46	111.00
1	A	154[B]	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-6.20	100.46	111.00
1	A	163	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.78	123.50	118.30
1	A	149	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	5.59	120.50	111.00
1	A	154[A]	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.01	119.51	111.00
1	A	154[B]	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.01	119.51	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	20	PRO	Peptide



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1236	0	1243	17	0
2	A	257	0	0	5	6
All	All	1493	0	1243	17	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (17) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:152[A]:ARG:NH1	1:A:154[A]:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.89
1:A:154[B]:LEU:HD12	1:A:155:ARG:N	2.05	0.71
1:A:15:GLU:N	2:A:204:HOH:O	2.39	0.54
1:A:125[B]:VAL:HG12	1:A:127[B]:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.51
1:A:154[B]:LEU:HD21	2:A:409:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:154[B]:LEU:CD2	2:A:429:HOH:O	2.58	0.50
1:A:142:GLU:OE1	1:A:142:GLU:HA	2.12	0.49
1:A:125[B]:VAL:HG12	1:A:127[B]:PRO:CD	2.42	0.49
1:A:152[A]:ARG:NH1	1:A:154[A]:LEU:CD2	2.70	0.49
1:A:15:GLU:N	2:A:205:HOH:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:20:PRO:O	1:A:21:ALA:CB	2.65	0.44
1:A:154[A]:LEU:HD22	2:A:361:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:154[A]:LEU:HD23	1:A:154[A]:LEU:HA	1.42	0.43
1:A:69:LEU:HD12	1:A:69:LEU:C	2.39	0.43
1:A:40:THR:HA	1:A:91:HIS:O	2.19	0.42

All (6) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:A:456:HOH:O	2:A:456:HOH:O[4_555]	1.84	0.36
2:A:204:HOH:O	2:A:356:HOH:O[6_555]	1.93	0.27
2:A:274:HOH:O	2:A:418:HOH:O[6_655]	1.99	0.21
2:A:260:HOH:O	2:A:399:HOH:O[6_655]	2.04	0.16

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:A:251:HOH:O	2:A:274:HOH:O[6_665]	2.15	0.05
2:A:291:HOH:O	2:A:300:HOH:O[6_555]	2.17	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured		Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	164/188 (87%)	161 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	3
1	A	128/143 (90%)	128 (100%)	0	100 100	

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

