

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 25, 2024 – 03:07 AM EST

PDB ID : 4CA3 BMRB ID : 19539

Title: SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF STREPTOMYCES VIRGINIAE VIRA

ACP5B

Authors: Davison, J.; Dorival, J.; Rabeharindranto, M.H.; Chagot, B.; Gruez, A.; Weiss-

man, K.J.

Deposited on : 2013-10-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &: & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &: & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

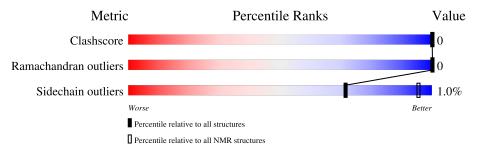
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	00						
1	A	88	83%	•	15%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:6836-A:6910 (75)	0.33	3			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 5, 19, 20
2	2, 8, 9, 15, 16
3	7, 14, 17
4	4, 18
5	10, 12
Single-model clusters	6; 11; 13



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1284 atoms, of which 634 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				Trace		
1	Λ	00	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & A \end{bmatrix}$	88	1284	409	634	111	129	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-4	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A4PHN0
A	-3	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A4PHN0
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A4PHN0
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A4PHN0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

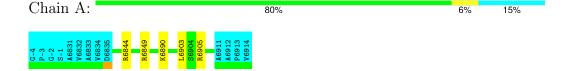
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

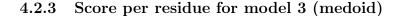


4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE







• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 84% . 15%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 81% 5% 15%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 83% • 15%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

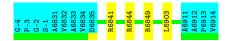
Chain A: 82% • 15%



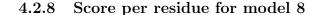
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 81% 5% 15%







• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 82% • 15%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 82% • 15%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 82% • 15%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

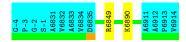
Chain A: 82% • 15%



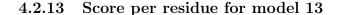
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 83% • 15%







• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE





4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 82% • 15%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 82% · 15%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

Chain A: 84% • 15%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE

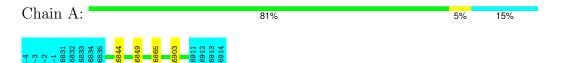






4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

 \bullet Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE



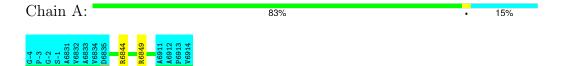
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: HYBRID POLYKETIDE SYNTHASE-NON RIBOSOMAL PEPTIDE SYNTHETASE





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: CYANA.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: LEAST RESTRAINT VIOLATION.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	11
Sparky	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1041
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1041
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.74 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/584~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.99 ± 0.04	$2\pm1/795~(~0.3\pm~0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.74	0/11680 (0.0%)	0.99	45/15900 (0.3%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain Res Type A		Atoma	Atoms Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Models		
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	$egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Observed()	ideai(*)	Worst	Total	
1	A	6844	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.85	124.72	120.30	19	14
1	A	6849	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.41	124.50	120.30	11	17
1	A	6910	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.59	124.09	120.30	13	9
1	A	6841	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.81	123.21	120.30	14	2
1	A	6910	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30	4	1
1	A	6905	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.19	122.89	120.30	4	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes
All	All	11440	11120	11120	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.



There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	75/88 (85%)	74±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1500/1760 (85%)	1481 (99%)	19 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	59/66 (89%)	58±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	71 95		
All	All	1180/1320 (89%)	1168 (99%)	12 (1%)	71 95		

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	6903	LEU	8
1	A	6890	LYS	2
1	A	6841	ARG	1
1	A	6865	ASN	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: nmrstar3.1_1.bmrb.csh

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1041
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1041
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	87	-0.48 ± 0.10	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	80	0.29 ± 0.06	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹³ C′	81	-0.40 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	81	0.48 ± 0.43	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 917 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 991. 0 out of 15 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$	
Backbone	370/373 (99%)	152/152 (100%)	$147/150 \ (98\%)$	71/71 (100%)	
Sidechain	494/545 (91%)	337/357 (94%)	149/169 (88%)	8/19 (42%)	

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	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	53/73 (73%)	30/35~(86%)	19/34~(56%)	4/4 (100%)
Overall	917/991 (93%)	519/544 (95%)	315/353~(89%)	83/94 (88%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1041 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1125. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	424/436 (97%)	175/178 (98%)	168/176 (95%)	81/82 (99%)
Sidechain	564/616 (92%)	386/406 (95%)	170/191 (89%)	8/19 (42%)
Aromatic	53/73 (73%)	30/35~(86%)	19/34~(56%)	4/4 (100%)
Overall	1041/1125 (93%)	591/619 (95%)	357/401 (89%)	93/105 (89%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

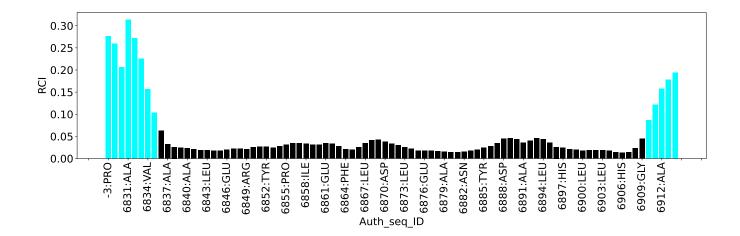
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	6846	GLU	HG2	1.00	1.24 - 3.30	-6.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:







8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1740
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	326
Sequential (i-j =1)	477
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	504
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	433
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	19.8
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	4.9

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.1	0.17
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

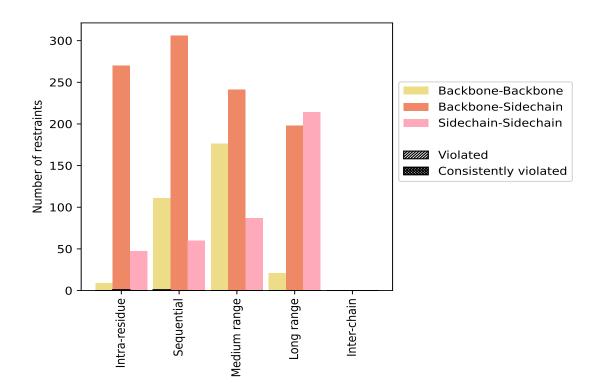
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Dontoninto tomo	C	% ¹	Vio	lated	3	Consistently Violated		
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	326	18.7	1	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	9	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	270	15.5	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	47	2.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	477	27.4	1	0.2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	111	6.4	1	0.9	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	306	17.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	60	3.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	504	29.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	176	10.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	241	13.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	87	5.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	433	24.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	21	1.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	198	11.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	214	12.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1740	100.0	2	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	317	18.2	1	0.3	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1015	58.3	1	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	408	23.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Median (Å)
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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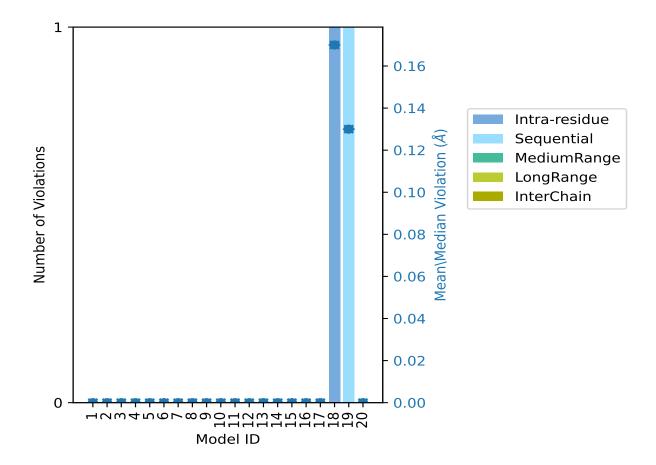


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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Modian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	ວມ (A)	Median (Å)
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.17	0.17	0.0	0.17
19	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

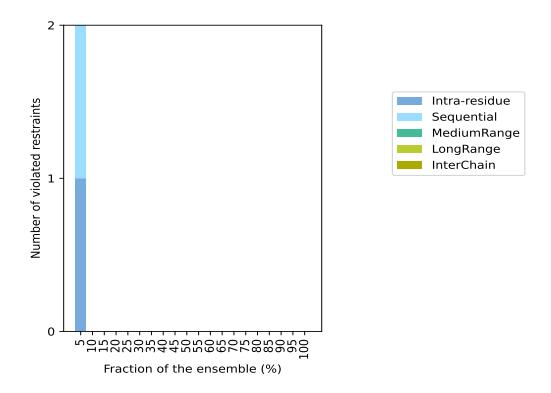
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1738(IR:325, SQ:476, MR:504, LR:433, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	$\overline{\mathbf{mber}}$	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
1	1	0	0	0	2	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.

Data insufficient to plot histogram

9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,126)	1:6832:A:VAL:H	1:6832:A:VAL:HB	18	0.17

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,113)	1:6833:A:ALA:H	1:6834:A:VAL:H	19	0.13



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

