

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 13, 2024 – 12:53 pm BST

PDB ID	:	4A7V
Title	:	Structure of human I113T SOD1 mutant complexed with dopamine in the p21
		space group
Authors	:	Wright, G.S.A.; Antonyuk, S.V.; Kershaw, N.M.; Strange, R.W.; Hasnain, S.S.
Deposited on	:	2011-11-14
Resolution	:	1.00  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

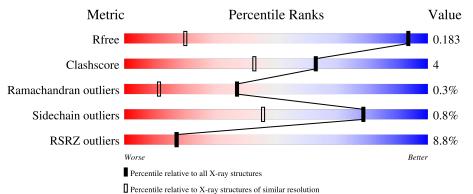
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	1205 (1.04-0.96)
Clashscore	180529	1363 (1.04-0.96)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1301 (1.04-0.96)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1302 (1.04-0.96)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1203 (1.04-0.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	153	<u>6%</u> 94%	6%		
1	F	153	89%	10% •		

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	SO4	F	1155	-	-	Х	-



#### $\mathbf{2}$ Entry composition (i)

153

F

1

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2592 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

		Ŧ						L	1	
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	153	Total 1150		N 210	0 235	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{S} \\ 4 \end{array}$	0	5	0

Ν

212

 $\mathbf{S}$ 

4

0

Ο

239

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN].

С

709

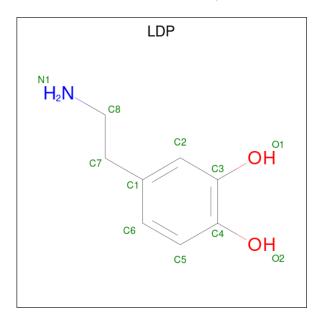
Total

1164

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	113	THR	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P00441
F	113	THR	ILE	engineered mutation	UNP P00441

• Molecule 2 is L-DOPAMINE (three-letter code: LDP) (formula:  $C_8H_{11}NO_2$ ).



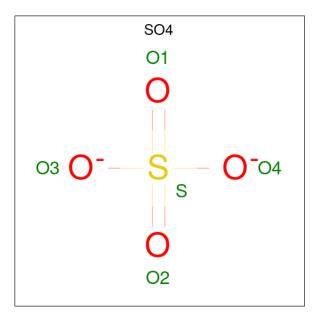
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total         C         N           11         8         1	O 2	0	0

0

8



 $\bullet\,$  Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O\_4S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	F	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
3	F	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 4 is COPPER (II) ION (three-letter code: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0
4	F	1	Total Cu 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0
5	F	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.



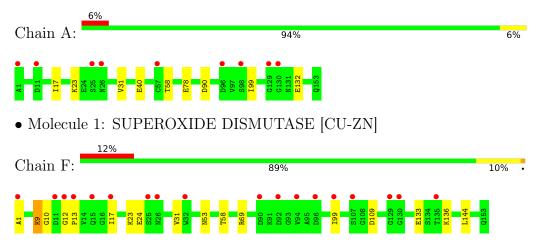
Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	140	Total O 140 140	0	0
6	F	103	Total O 103 103	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: SUPEROXIDE DISMUTASE [CU-ZN]





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	38.40Å 68.03Å 49.85Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $104.82^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.19 - 1.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.19 - 1.00	EDS
% Data completeness	96.7 (48.19-1.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.7 (48.19-1.00)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.16 (at 1.00 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
D D.	0.158 , $0.181$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.161 , $0.183$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6495 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	11.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.390	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 41.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	2592	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LDP, SO4, ZN, CU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain Bon		Bond lengths		nd angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.74	0/1168	0.81	0/1574
1	F	0.77	0/1183	0.88	3/1596~(0.2%)
All	All	0.76	0/2351	0.84	3/3170~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	F	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	F	9	LYS	CA-C-N	-6.67	102.86	116.20
1	F	109	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.98	123.68	118.30
1	F	69	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.30	117.65	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	F	9	LYS	Mainchain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1150	0	1107	8	2
1	F	1164	0	1115	10	1
2	А	11	0	9	1	0
3	А	10	0	0	0	0
3	F	10	0	0	3	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	F	1	0	0	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
5	F	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	140	0	0	4	1
6	F	103	0	0	4	1
All	All	2592	0	2231	18	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (18) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:2063:HOH:O	1:F:17[A]:ILE:HD11	1.18	1.24
1:A:17[A]:ILE:HD11	6:F:2036:HOH:O	1.44	1.13
6:A:2017:HOH:O	1:F:53[B]:ASN:OD1	1.67	1.09
1:F:58[B]:THR:HG22	3:F:1155:SO4:O4	1.61	1.00
1:A:17[A]:ILE:CD1	6:F:2036:HOH:O	2.11	0.86
1:F:58[B]:THR:CG2	3:F:1155:SO4:O4	2.32	0.77
1:F:10[A]:GLY:HA3	1:F:144:LEU:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:58:THR:HG22	6:A:2065:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:31:VAL:HB	1:A:99:ILE:HB	1.93	0.51
1:F:133:GLU:HG2	3:F:1154:SO4:O1	2.11	0.51
1:F:1:ALA:HB2	1:F:23:LYS:O	2.11	0.50
1:F:1:ALA:CB	1:F:23:LYS:O	2.60	0.49
1:A:17[A]:ILE:CG1	6:F:2036:HOH:O	2.51	0.49
1:A:78:GLU:HG2	6:A:2040:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:F:31:VAL:HB	1:F:99:ILE:HB	1.97	0.46
1:A:17[A]:ILE:HG13	6:F:2036:HOH:O	2.18	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	0	
1:A:23:LYS:HG3	2:A:1000:LDP:C5	2.50	0.41	

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:40:GLU:OE2	6:F:2030:HOH:O[2_546]	1.58	0.62
1:A:90[B]:ASP:OD2	1:F:136:LYS:NZ[2_546]	1.92	0.28
6:A:2122:HOH:O	6:A:2138:HOH:O[2_546]	2.00	0.20

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	156/153~(102%)	155~(99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	F	159/153~(104%)	150 (94%)	7 (4%)	2 (1%)	10	1
All	All	315/306~(103%)	305~(97%)	8(2%)	2 (1%)	37	5

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	13[A]	PRO
1	F	13[B]	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	123/118~(104%)	122~(99%)	1 (1%)	79 46
1	F	124/118~(105%)	123~(99%)	1 (1%)	79 46
All	All	247/236~(105%)	245~(99%)	2 (1%)	79 46

analysed, and the total number of residues.

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	132	GLU
1	F	24	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol Type Ch		Chain	Chain Res	5 Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Ioi Type Chain	Counts			RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
3	SO4	А	1155	-	4,4,4	0.29	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.38	0
2	LDP	А	1000	-	10,11,11	1.76	1 (10%)	$13,\!14,\!14$	1.25	2 (15%)
3	SO4	F	1155	-	4,4,4	0.48	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.13	0
3	SO4	А	1154	-	4,4,4	0.27	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.50	0
3	SO4	F	1154	-	4,4,4	0.70	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.66	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	LDP	А	1000	-	-	1/3/3/3	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	1000	LDP	C7-C1	-4.78	1.37	1.51

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	1000	LDP	C6-C5-C4	-2.83	117.60	120.50
2	А	1000	LDP	C8-C7-C1	-2.44	107.24	112.85

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Μ	ol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	2	А	1000	LDP	C1-C7-C8-N1

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	1000	LDP	1	0
3	F	1155	SO4	2	0
3	F	1154	SO4	1	0



### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	153/153~(100%)	0.51	9 (5%) 29 31	7, 14, 26, 35	11 (7%)
1	F	153/153~(100%)	0.77	18 (11%) 10 9	7, 15, 30, 38	12 (7%)
All	All	306/306~(100%)	0.64	27 (8%) 17 17	7, 14, 28, 38	23 (7%)

All (27) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	26	ASN	6.1
1	F	13[A]	PRO	5.6
1	F	1	ALA	5.3
1	А	130	GLY	3.7
1	F	90	ASP	3.7
1	А	1	ALA	2.9
1	А	26	ASN	2.9
1	F	130	GLY	2.7
1	А	129	GLY	2.7
1	F	99	ILE	2.6
1	F	96	ASP	2.6
1	F	92	ASP	2.6
1	А	96	ASP	2.6
1	А	57	CYS	2.5
1	F	32	TRP	2.5
1	А	11	ASP	2.5
1	А	25	SER	2.5
1	А	98	SER	2.4
1	F	12[A]	GLY	2.4
1	F	17[A]	ILE	2.3
1	F	94	VAL	2.3
1	F	25	SER	2.3
1	F	15	GLN	2.2
1	F	11[A]	ASP	2.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	107	SER	2.1
1	F	135	THR	2.1
1	F	129	GLY	2.1

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	LDP	А	1000	11/11	0.77	0.16	$16,\!24,\!33,\!38$	11
3	SO4	F	1155	5/5	0.84	0.13	25,32,41,43	5
3	SO4	А	1155	5/5	0.92	0.10	24,28,30,32	5
3	SO4	F	1154	5/5	0.98	0.07	$21,\!26,\!30,\!33$	0
3	SO4	А	1154	5/5	0.98	0.06	21,24,30,32	5
4	CU	А	1157	1/1	0.99	0.04	$11,\!11,\!11,\!11$	1
4	CU	F	1156	1/1	0.99	0.03	11,11,11,11	1
5	ZN	А	1158	1/1	1.00	0.01	10,10,10,10	0
5	ZN	F	1157	1/1	1.00	0.01	10,10,10,10	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

