

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 7, 2023 – 10:35 AM EST

PDB ID : 2NA5 BMRB ID : 25928

Title: NMR solution structure of vitamin B12 conjugates of PYY3-36

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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

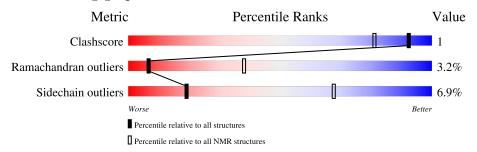
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 45%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive	
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries})$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	34	76%	24%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA and RNA chains that are outliers for geometric criteria:

Mal	Chain	Compound	LPAGI	Total models with violations		
MIOI	Chain			Chirality	Geometry	
2	A	CNC	101	1	-	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



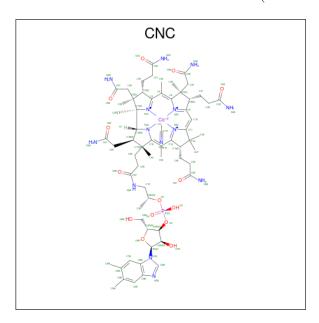
3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 753 atoms, of which 366 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Peptide YY.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	2.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	0
1	A	34	575	184	281	55	55	U

• Molecule 2 is CYANOCOBALAMIN (three-letter code: CNC) (formula: $C_{63}H_{89}CoN_{14}O_{14}P$).



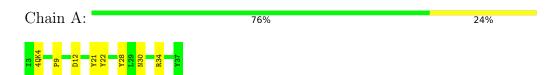
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Со	Н	N	О	Р
	A	1	178	63	1	85	14	14	1



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Peptide YY





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 4 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version	
GROMOS96	refinement		

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	214
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	214
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	45%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CNC, 4QK

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0	4
All	All	0	4

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	21	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	22	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	28	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	34	ARG	Mainchain

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
2	A	93	85	85	1
All	All	387	366	347	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}(ext{\AA})$	Distance(Å)
2:A:101:CNC:H531	2:A:101:CNC:H552	0.44	1.90

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perc	entiles
1	A	31/34 (91%)	27 (87%)	3 (10%)	1 (3%)	7	38
All	All	31/34 (91%)	27 (87%)	3 (10%)	1 (3%)	7	38

All 1 Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	9	PRO	

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	29/29 (100%)	27 (93%)	2 (7%)	19 68		
All	All	29/29 (100%)	27 (93%)	2 (7%)	19 68		

All 2 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type		
1	A	12	ASP		
1	A	30	ASN		



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	nd leng	ths
IVIOI	Туре				Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	4QK	A	4	2,1	14,16,17	1.23	3 (21%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	in Res Link Bond angles				
IVIOI	туре	Cham	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	4QK	A	4	2,1	7,19,21	1.36	2 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	4QK	A	4	2,1	-	0,10,12,14	0,1,1,1

All bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\textup{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	4	4QK	CE-NT1	3.06	1.53	1.47

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	4	4QK	CT2-NT1	2.07	1.33	1.35
1	A	4	4QK	CT2-CT1	2.05	1.33	1.36

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	4	4QK	CT2-CT1-NT3	2.40	107.77	111.34
1	A	4	4QK	CE-NT1-CT2	2.23	124.58	129.82

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Tuno	Chain	Res Link	Bond lengths			
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}2$
2	CNC	A	101	2,1 90,103,10		1.04	6 (6%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.



Mal	Tuno	Chain	Pag	Tiple	Во	nd angle	es
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	CNC	A	101	2,1	139,171,171	1.39	22 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CNC	A	101	2,1	1,1,38,38	0,52,235,235	0,3,11,11

All bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	101	CNC	C1P-N59	4.30	1.34	1.46
2	A	101	CNC	C14-N23	3.08	1.39	1.30
2	A	101	CNC	C9-N22	2.88	1.38	1.30
2	A	101	CNC	O8R-C5R	2.67	1.53	1.42
2	A	101	CNC	C6-C5	2.50	1.43	1.36
2	A	101	CNC	O6R-C1R	2.00	1.43	1.41

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	101	CNC	C54-C17-C18	5.06	105.51	112.98
2	A	101	CNC	C60-C18-C17	3.75	106.66	115.74
2	A	101	CNC	C4B-C9B-C8B	3.69	117.32	121.10
2	A	101	CNC	C48-C13-C12	3.54	106.70	116.63
2	A	101	CNC	C12-C11-N23	3.42	115.19	111.48
2	A	101	CNC	C37-C7-C6	3.27	117.41	107.12
2	A	101	CNC	C7-C6-N22	3.22	113.82	107.94
2	A	101	CNC	C19-N24-C16	3.18	106.81	111.96
2	A	101	CNC	C36-C7-C8	3.18	106.20	112.08
2	A	101	CNC	C7-C6-C5	2.77	123.70	128.07
2	A	101	CNC	O6R-C4R-C5R	2.74	115.14	109.21
2	A	101	CNC	C41-C8-C7	2.67	106.78	114.14
2	A	101	CNC	C12-C11-C10	2.62	121.15	123.54
2	A	101	CNC	C10-C9-N22	2.39	122.99	125.73
2	A	101	CNC	O7R-C2R-C3R	2.32	104.59	111.17
2	A	101	CNC	C2-C3-C4	2.27	99.05	101.63
2	A	101	CNC	C13-C14-N23	2.26	114.24	109.39
2	A	101	CNC	C48-C13-C14	2.23	114.81	109.63
2	A	101	CNC	C18-C19-N24	2.20	105.37	101.88

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	101	CNC	C2P-C1P-N59	2.17	116.14	112.93
2	A	101	CNC	C8-C9-N22	2.10	114.95	110.77
2	A	101	CNC	O7R-C2R-C1R	2.01	118.29	110.85

All chiral outliers are listed below.

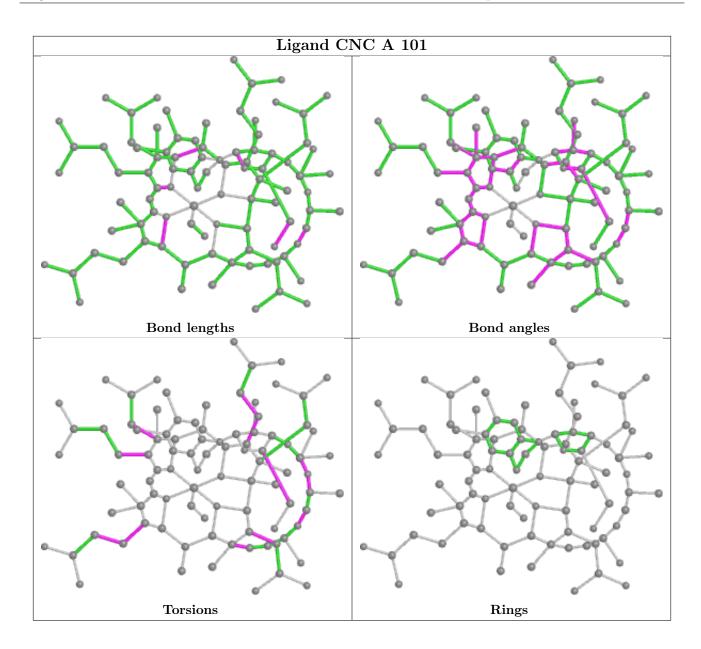
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	101	CNC	N24

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 45% for the well-defined parts and 45% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	214
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	214
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 214 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 472. 0 out of 5 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	62/160~(39%)	62/64~(97%)	0/66 (0%)	0/30~(0%)
Sidechain	142/269~(53%)	$142/173 \ (82\%)$	0/81 (0%)	0/15~(0%)
Aromatic	10/43~(23%)	10/20 (50%)	0/22~(0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	214/472~(45%)	$214/257 \ (83\%)$	0/169 (0%)	0/46 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 214 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 472. 0 out of 5 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	62/160 (39%)	62/64 (97%)	0/66 (0%)	0/30 (0%)
Sidechain	142/269 (53%)	142/173 (82%)	0/81 (0%)	0/15 (0%)
Aromatic	10/43 (23%)	10/20 (50%)	0/22~(0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	214/472 (45%)	214/257 (83%)	0/169 (0%)	0/46 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

